CAROLINA OBSERVER.

VOL. XVI.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 20, 1832. [NO. 807.

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By Edward J. Hale,
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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for sixty cents per square for the first, & thirty cents for each succeeding publication. Advertisers are requested to state the number of insertions desired, or they will be considered till forbid, and charged accordingly.
Letters to the Editor must be post paid.

NEW GOODS.
NOTT & STARR,

HAVE just received and offer for sale, the following articles, viz:—
18 Hhds. SUGAR,
50 bags Coffee,
5 do Pepper and Spice,
3 do Race Ginger,
7 bbls. Loaf Sugar,
200 kegs Nails and Brads,
15 tons Swedes and English Iron,
Hoop and Sheet Iron,
English and American Blistered Steel,
German and Cast Steel,
30 boxes Tin Plate,
50 pieces Heavy Cotton Bagging,
30 coils Rope,
120 sides Sole Leather,
25 boxes Cotton and Wool Cards,
16 doz. Ward's Cast Steel Axes,
25 do Coffee Mills,
25 boxes Roram and Fur Hats,
3 do Wool do,
12 bbls. Copperas,
4 do Epsom and Glauber Salts,
2 ceroons Indigo,
60 bags Shot,
1000 lbs Lead,
40 kegs Dupont's Powder,
75 reams writing and letter Paper,
100 do wrapping do,
1500 lbs. Cotton Yarn No. 4 to 13,
40 cases Shoes, assorted,
Together with a large assortment of
Dry Goods, Hardware and Cutlery, Castings,
Patent Medicines, School Books, &c.
Which will be sold low, for Cash or Country Produce.
Fayetteville, Nov. 13. ‖6-6w‖

JOHN R. McCORMAC,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he is now receiving at his former stand on the north side of Person street, directly opposite the old Cape Fear Bank, from New York, a **STOCK OF GOODS** which embraces almost every article that can be found in any of the stores of this place. The following articles compose a small part of them:
Blue, black, brown & invisible green cloth. Bl'k, brown, blue and steel col'd Cassimeres & Sattinetts. brown, rose and fancy edged Blankets A large assortment of cotton Shirting and Sheeting, bleached and unbleached. Silk of every color, plain and figured. Ladies and gentlemen's Gloves of every description. Red, brown and yellow Pongee, Flag & Silk Handkerchiefs. Cotton & Silk Velvet. Changeable do., for Ladies' Bonnets. Black Lace Veils. Fig'd and plain white gauze do. Merino Shawls & Thibets. Yellow, red and white Flannel. Super scarlet do. Cotton do. Linen fold Cotton shirting. Irish Linen. Do. Linen Cambric. Shell and horn side and tuck Combs, plain and carved. A large assortment of Calico, some very splendid patterns. Birds eye and Russia Diapers. Plain and fig'd Swiss Jaconet, book, and mull Muslins White, black & pink col'd Cambrics Bobbinett and Thread Lace Edging and Insertions. Best Italian Sewing Silk. Ribbons. Belts. Dunstable Bonnets and Trimming. Silk and Cotton Umbrellas. Satin and Beaver Hats. Boys' Caps. Cotton Bagging, Rope and Twine. Table Knives. Pocket do. Shoe do. Razors and Scissors, (some of a very superior quality) Pad, Stock, Trunk, and Gun Locks. Coffee Mills. Brass handle Shovel and Tongs. Looking Glasses. Drawing Knives. Trace Chains, and Halter do. Frying Pans. Steelyards, and Axes.
1000 *Pair of Shoes,*
Having amongst them a great variety of fashions and qualities, for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, and Children; and also, Negro Shoes.
10 hhds Sugar, 8 of Molasses. 50 bags of Coffee. Tea, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Sulphur, Soap, Shot, Powder, Lead, &c. &c. All which he will sell low for cash, or country produce.

GROCERIES.

15,000 Lbs. prime green and Rio Coffee,
10 hhds. good New Orleans Sugar,
A few barrels and half barrels of very superior brown Sugar,
100 kegs cut Nails and Brads,
150 sides sole Leather,
28 best quality Grindstones.
The above articles will be sold cheap for cash, or exchanged for Country produce, on very favorable terms.
WILLIAMSON WHITEHEAD.
November 13. §6-tf§

Thirty Dollars Reward,

FOR apprehending and delivering in Fayetteville Jail, my Negro man

SIMON,

Known as SIMON BLUE, who absconded on Thursday, the 19th of July last, without any provocation. It is supposed, he is lurking about Mr. Daniel Mc Millan's, who owns his wife, and lives about 14 miles South-west of this place. SIMON is about 40 years old, six feet high, with a very long foot; has relations, (the property of Mr. Wilkison Robeson, Robeson county, and Mr. Kelly's, in Moore county,) which places he may probably visit.
H. CAMPBELL.
Fayetteville, N. C. Nov. 13. 6-3m

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the 4th day of December next, **424** acres of **LAND**, on the East side of Cape Fear river, about one mile from said river and eight miles above Fayetteville, joining the Lands of Louis D. Henry, Farq. C. Armstrong, and others. The above Land is as fertile as any on the river; well timbered, and about thirty-five acres of the Land was once cleared and cultivated, but for few years. The Subscriber will divide the above Tract to suit purchasers, if necessary. A credit of six, twelve and eighteen months will be given to a purchaser; bonds and good securities will be required.
ALEXANDER McLAUCHLIN.
November 12, 1832. 6ts,

HAIR for Plaistering, for sale by
JNO. HUSKE & SON.
Nov. 8 79-tf.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WOULD beg leave to call the attention of their friends, and the public generally, to their
Entire New and Extensive Stock of Seasonable, Fancy and Staple
DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
Hats, Shoes, & Cotton Cards,
Foolscap and Letter Paper,
BLANK BOOKS, SPELLING BOOKS, &c. &c.
Now opening at their Store, corner of Exchange Square and Hillsborough Street; which they offer on liberal terms, at WHOLESALE, exclusively.
Their Stock having been selected with care, from the late Sales in New York, they flatter themselves, they can offer inducements, making it worthy the attention of dealers generally. Among their Stock, will be found a
General Assortment of
Superfine Blue and Black Broad Cloths,
Kerseys and Sattinetts,
Brown and bleached Sheetings & Shirtings,
Sup. fancy and common Prints,
Red, white, and green Flannels,
Point, duffle, and loose Blankets,
Tickings and Checks,
Domestic Plaids and Stripes,
Plain and figured Book Muslins,
Plain and figured Cambric Muslins,
5-4 and 6-4 Jackonett Muslins,
Swiss Collars and Capes,
Bobbinett and cotton Laces,
Dunstable and Leghorn Bonnets,
Balls Cotton Yarn, &c. &c.
Together with a very great variety of Articles, too numerous to particularize in an advertisement.
HALL & JOHNSON.
Fayetteville, Nov. 12, 1832. 6-tf

THE SUBSCRIBERS

ARE now receiving direct from N. York, their Fall supply of GROCERIES, which comprises a very general assortment of every article in their line.—Their stock will in part comprise the following articles, viz.
38 hhds. P. Rico
20 bbls. loaf and lump } **SUGARS,**
30 hhds. prime retailing Molasses,
10 ½ chests Imperial
14 ¼ do. Gunpowder and Hyson } **TEAS,**
165 bags prime green
20 bbls. do do. } **COFFEE,**
120 ps. heavy 42 inch Cotton Bagging,
100 coils Bale Rope,
42 bags Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
55 boxes Tin Plate,
85 boxes Window Glass,
250 kegs cut Nails,
60 tons Swedes and English Iron,
15 bundles hoop and band Iron,
16 ditto German and cast Steel,
150 bags Shot, assorted Nos.
2000 lbs. bar Lead,
75 kegs Dupont's Powder,
3 ceroons Spanish Flotant Indigo,
5 hhds. green Copperas,
60 kegs White Lead,
20 bbls. Tanner's and Lamp Oil,
20 doz. grass and bramble Scythe Blades,
10 do. patent rivetted and Cutting Knives,
Liverpool and Alum Salt.
With a general assortment of Patent Medicines, Hatter's Materials, &c. &c.
HALL & JOHNSON.
Fayetteville, Nov. 12, 1832. 6tf.

Wine.

10 Quarter Casks sweet Malaga WINE,
10 do do Lisbon do.
Now landing, for sale by
A. KIMBALL.
November 13. §6-tf.§

FISH.

20 Boxes prime Cod FISH.
For sale by
A. KIMBALL.
November 13. ‖6-tf.‖

Travelling Trunks and Bags.

JUST received an assortment of Leather TRAVELLING TRUNKS and BAGS.
For sale by
A. KIMBALL.
November 13. §6-tf.§

TAKEN UP

AND committed to the jail of this County, on the 8th inst. a negro Boy who calls himself **TOM**—about 20 years of age and says he belongs to James Wright of Cheraw, S. C. He has a scar on forehead and nose, occasioned he says by a fall from a race horse. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be dealt with as the law directs.
FREDERICK MOORE, *Jailer.*
Fayetteville, Nov. 13. ‖6 tf.‖

TAKEN UP

AND committed to the Jail of this County, a dark mulatto Negro Man, who says his name is Wm. Freeman, and that he is a free man. He is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, 23 or 25 years of age. He has since acknowledged that his name is DEMPS, and that he belongs to Sam. Shaw of Wake County. The owner is notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.
FREDERICK MOORE, *Jailer.*
Fayetteville, Nov 13. 6tf

More Books and Stationary!

JUST received, Nos. 43 and 44, Family Library, being sketches of Venetian History; an additional supply of Court and Camp of Napoleon, Empress Josephine, and Abercrombie on the Intellectual Powers. The Pearl, or Affection's Gift, for 1833. Scott's Napoleon; Davenport's Dictionary of Biography; Moore's Life of Byron; Dick's Christian Philosophy; Fourfold State; Cases of Conscience; Jenk's Devotions; Burn's Works; Henry Kirke White's Remains; Solitude Sweetened; 1st Vol. Mrs. Edgeworth's Works; Cook's voyages; Donnegan's Greek & English Lexicon; Schrevelii Lexicon; Johnson and Walker's Dictionary; Walker's octavo do; Græca Majora; Greek Grammars; Clark's Cæsar; Pike's octavo Arithmetic; Buck's Theological Dictionary, at $1 10 single, or $1 00 by the quantity; Village Hymns; Methodist do; Dover do; Totten's do; Pious Songs; Zion Songster; Southern and Western Songster; Singer's Own Book.

CHEAP PAPER.

Some as low as $2 25 per ream; some daily expected at $2 10. Quills; Music Paper; Blank Books, (cheap,) Mitchell's Traveller's Guide; Red and Black Ink Powder; Sand Boxes; Counting House Racks.
E. J. HALE.
November 13.

PRINTING

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

SHOES, &c.

50 Cases now landing, consisting of a general assortment fresh from the manufactories, suitable for the country trade.
—ALSO—
200 Reams Wrapping Paper.
A. KIMBALL.
November 13. §6-tf.§

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers have received, and are now opening, their Fall Supply of
DRY GOODS,
Hardware and Cutlery, Shoes, Hats, Cotton and Wool Cards, Groceries, Iron and Steel, Nails, &c.
Which they offer at Wholesale and Retail, at a small advance.
NOTT & STARR.
Nov. 6—5-6w

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having commenced the above business, solicits a share of patronage. All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business appertaining to a general Commission Agency.
DANIEL DICKSON.
Wilmington, N. C. Sept. 21*st* 1832 99-tf.

For Sale,

TWO young families of NEGROES, as follows:—One Woman, twenty-two years of age, with a Boy; also, one, twenty-six years of age, with two Boys and one Girl; all very likely; in which a bargain will be given. Apply to the Printer.
Fayetteville, Oct. 20, 1832. 3-tf

DUNCAN THOMPSON,

FACTOR AND FORWARDING AGENT,
AT his old and well known STAND, two doors north of the Market House will be happy to attend to the orders of his old friends and customers, and of such new ones as may think proper to favour him with their business.
Fayetteville, Oct. 1, 1832. ‖800-tf.‖

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has now on hand and is receiving a general assortment of
GOODS,
In the Store of the late Thomas Fuller, and requests all those wishing to supply themselves with the following articles to call and examine his stock, as he intends to sell at the lowest market price for cash or produce:—
15 Hhds. SUGAR, Porto Rico and New Orleans,
5000 lbs. green St. Jago Coffee,
15 tons Swedes and English Iron,
German, Blistered and Cast Steel,
192 pieces heavy Dundee and Tow Bagging,
100 coils Bale Rope,
200 sides best sole Leather,
500 lbs. Harness Leather,
300 lbs. Skirting and Bridle Leather,
50 Hhds. bright retailing Molasses,
600 bushels Alum Salt,
600 bushels Cadiz do.,
126 sacks Liverpool do.,
50 kegs Nails and Brads,
10 bags Spice,
5 do Pepper,
An assortment of Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, Bonnets, Hardware, Cutlery, Blacksmith's Tools, Cotton and Wool Cards, ready made Clothes and Cloaks, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, Loaf Sugar, &c.
JONES FULLER.
October 29. §4-tf.§

Specific for Ague and Fever.

THOMAS'S INDIAN MEDICAMENTUM,
AN infallible remedy for Ague and Fever, and all diseases of the stomach, arising from bile. Experience, the surest and most convincing teacher, has most satisfactorily proved the efficacy of this medicine, as a remedy for the above named diseases.
It has frequently been tried, in long standing cases of Ague and Fever, and has been attended with success. If resorted to on the first attack of the Ague, one dose is sufficient.
Patients who use this medicine, will not find themselves, while using it, under the necessity of changing their ordinary diet, or suspending their attention to business.
When the stomach is surcharged with bile, one dose of the **MEDICAMENTUM** gives relief, as it cleanses the stomach of all morbid humours and prevents all predisposition to head-ache, indigestion and fevers, it will be found to be one of the most useful and convenient Spring and Fall purgatives that can be resorted to.
For sale by
THOMAS COCHRAN,
North East corner of Market Square.

To the Public.

THE Subscribers do most cheerfully recommend *THOMAS'S INDIAN MEDICAMENTUM*, for Agues and Fevers, having suffered much from that distressing complaint and found no permanent relief until they made use of that Medicine. It is perfectly safe and gives immediate relief when taken according to directions.
ARCH'D SMITH,
NEILL McNAIR,
CASWELL S. BRAY.
July 9th, 1832. 88-tf.

State of South Carolina.

SUMTER DISTRICT.—*IN EQUITY.*
William S. Boyd, *et al.* v. John Boyd, *et al.* Ex'rs of Margaret Sims, dec'd. } *Bill for a Legacy, &c.*
MARGARET SIMS, late of Clarendon County, in the said District and State, Widow, lately died, leaving her last Will and Testament, by which the bequeathed one half of her Negroes, subject to a legacy to the Children of her Sisters, Agness McDonald, Elizabeth Gray and Mary Butler, formerly Mary Cooper:—These persons are unknown to the Executors, and that Court has ordered the sale of the Negroes allotted to them. The Children of the said named Ladies are hereby notified, that on proving their relationship on or before the 20th February, 1833, the Court will order the balance of the proceeds of sale to be paid to them agreeable to their legal rights. The above Ladies formerly resided near Fayetteville, North Carolina. Their relations are requested to extend to them this notice, if their residence are known. By order of the Court.
JOHN B. MILLER,
Commissioner in Equity.
Sumterville, S. C., Sept. 5, 1832. 97-13t.

SHELTON & CALDWELL,

OF CHARLESTON, S. C.

HAVE on hand and are receiving the following stock of
Groceries, Wines and Spirits,
And from the care taken in the selection, and the very advantageous manner they are laid in, they feel confident in saying, that a better or more select assortment has never before been offered in Charleston, and respectfully invite their old friends and the public, for a continuation of that patronage they have already so liberally received; the terms will be liberal. The following comprises the assortment:—

Sugar.
250 hds. ordinary to prime New Orleans Sugar
50 do. prime P. Rico do.
100 do. good to prime St. Croix
5 boxes lump and loaf Sugar
75 bbls single double and treble refined do.

Teas.
150 box's Hyson & young Hyson Tea, some imported in Sept., latest importation
60 do Gunpowder do
50 do Imperial do
10 cases do ea. 10 cannister do.
30 do Gunpowder do
20 do. Hyson do.

Coffee.
400 bags green Laguira Coffee
150 do Rio do
100 do St. Jago (large green)
65 do Tunis, prime Green Cuba do. a superior article
30 bags Manilla, Java and Angestora, a superior article for families

Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine.
1000 ps. Bagging consisting of flax, hemp & tow
500 coils fine & middling quality Bale Rope, assorted
2500 lbs Bagging Twine.

Foreign Spirits.
25 pipes high flavoured Holland Gin, purchas'd from the oldest agent in the U. S., consisting of the hour glass, anchor, dragon and pine apple brands
20 pipes Cog. Brandy
10 half do do
20 qr. casks do. consisting of Rastur's, Seignett's & Dupuy's bra'ds
100 qr. casks Dupuy's brand, daily expected from Bordeaux
20 hhds. old Jamaica and St. Croix Rum
1 puncheon old Irish Whiskey 6th proof four years old.

Wines.
10 qr. casks superior old Port Wine
10 qr. do second quality
20 qr. do Madeira some 4 years imported, consisting of the Olivera and other brands
50 qr. do London Particular Teneriffe
6 half pipes of golden, pale and brown Sherry a very superior article
15 qr. casks St. Lucar, an excellent imitation of Sherry
50 qr. casks pure sweet Malaga
50 qr. do. 2d quality
50 qr. do dry Malaga
20 qr. do Muscat Wine, a superior article
25 baskets Champaign, each one dozen
50 casks Claret
5 qr. casks Canary do.

Domes. Liquors, Porter and Vinegar.
100 bbls Rye Whiskey
25 do 4th proof
100 bbls } pure N. Eng-
20 hhds } land Rum.
50 bbls Rye Gin
20 do old Peach Brandy
5 pipes pure Spirits
5 do. Domestic Brandy
10 hf. pipes } Vinegar
25 qr. do }
20 casks London Porter, (quarts) warranted direct importation
25 do do (pints)

Fresh Spices, Sundries Mackerel, Window Glass, Paints, grind Stones, &c.
Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Cloves, Nutmegs, Mace, Cinnamon, London Mustard, American do., in 24 and 6 doz.
10 baskets salad Oil
150 half boxes 8x10 Window Glass
50 boxes ditto
100 half do 10x12
5 barrels Putty
250 kegs No. 1 & 2 white Lead
3 bbls Chloride of Lime
20 casks Epsom Salts
50 do Glauber do
20 bbls Alum
3 hhds real Dutch Madder
1 hhd French do
150 boxes sperm Candles 4, 5 and 6
100 do mould
400 boxes bar Soap, ast'd
25 boxes No 1 Chocolate
25 kegs Starch
300 reams letter, writing and foolscap Paper
300 wrapping do
100,000 Segars, consisting of best Spanish, Spanish wrappers, Alexandria & Connecticut
50 boxes and kegs manufactured Tobacco, consisting of Myers', Cavendish and other fine brands
Cheese in casks & boxes
Copperas, Brimestone, Spanish Indigo
Caroline ditto
600 kegs Nails and Brads, assorted
1000 bags patent & buck Shot, assorted
3000 lbs. bar Lead
5 bales soft shell Almonds
100 kegs Dupont's Powder
300 bbls fresh caught No. 1, 2, & 3 Mackerel
100 boxes Muscatal Raisins
8 tons assorted Grindstones.

Consignments of produce will be received in payment and all orders shall be as strictly and carefully executed as if the proprietor was present.
East Bay Street,
Corner of Kunhardt's Wharf.
October 13, 1832. 2-6w.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
P. DAILEY,

IS now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, his Fall and Winter supply of Goods, which consists of
DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Hardware & Cutlery,
HATS, SHOES, IRON, HOLLOW WARE, &c. &c. &c.
All of which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and others, are invited to call and examine for themselves.
N. B. A good assortment of ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS, kept constantly on hand.
15th Oct., 1832. 2-tf

NEW & CHEAP Fancy Goods.
H. CAMPBELL, JR.

GRATEFUL for past favors, informs his friends and the Public, that he will still remain at the old Stand, on the North side of Hay-street, a few doors above the Market House, where he is now receiving a large supply of
Fall and Winter Goods,
comprising all that is New and Fashionable, carefully selected by himself, in New York and Philadelphia; and is now determined to sell very low, for Cash, Wholesale and Retail.
It is particularly requested, that all those, who have been so often called on for payment of their accounts, and have hitherto neglected to do so, will now make immediate payment, as it is necessary that all old accounts should be settled without any delay.
H. CAMPBELL, Jr.
N. B. Daily Expected, A Large Assortment of all kinds of SILK THREAD LACES, New Style of Goods for Ladies' Dresses; IMPERIAL TEA, in Canisters, LOAF and LUMP SUGAR, &c. &c., with great variety of other Articles, too tedious to enumerate. H. C. Jr.
Fayetteville, 14th Sept., 1832. 98-tf

REMOVAL.

Dr. James H. Dickson,
HAS removed to the New Brick Building, on the East side of Green-street, directly opposite the Store of Messrs. Jno. Huske & Son, where he offers for sale on reasonable terms, for Cash, or approved credit, a General Assortment of
DRUGS and MEDICINES,
Shop Furniture, Surgical Instruments,
Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs,
Hatters' Materials,
Perfumery, &c.
October 15th, 1832. 2-tf

IMPORTANT
To Physicians, and Dealers in Medicines.
R. MAYNARD & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Person-Street, opposite Willings & Co.,

ARE now receiving a large and general Assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE STUFFS, & HATTERS' MATERIALS, &c. Their Stock is by far the largest that has ever been offered in this Market, and which they warrant to be genuine, and are determined to sell at the lowest possible terms. Physicians and Country Merchants are invited to call and examine their stock. Orders will be promptly attended to. Prescriptions from Physicians put up at the shortest notice.
Oct. 1. 800-tf

New York and Norfolk Packets.
(OLD LINE.)

THE Subscribers have the pleasure of offering to the public their Line of Packets complete, consisting of the
Schr. Edward Vincent, (new,) James Hart, Master.
Empire, Elbert Latham, do.
Portsmouth, Robert Shinn, do.
Norfolk, R. M. Tittle, do.
Othello, Chas. Thatcher, do.
This Line is now composed of *first rate* copper fastened Schooners of the largest class, with extensive and well furnished Cabins for passengers, and have experienced and accommodating Masters. They will run direct between the two ports. Shippers can depend on their sailing punctually. The subscribers would take this opportunity to say that they are fully authorized to make arrangements for the business of this line, and that Campbell's Wharf is reserved for their accommodation. Any arrangements made with them will be *fully complied with by the Masters.* One of the above vessels will leave on *Monday morning* of each week from Campbell's Wharf, Norfolk, and the west side Coffee House Slip, New York.—Goods will be received and forwarded free of commissions. The subscribers feel grateful for the encouragement heretofore received, and hope by strict attention to the business, to receive the public patronage. For freight or passage, apply to
WM. ROWLAND, *Campbell's Wharf, Norfolk.*
Or DOAN, STURGIS & Co. *Coffee House Slip, N. York.*
Oct. 16. 3-tf

RIFLES.

AN assortment of David Kennedy's RIFLES, for sale, By HALL & JOHNSON.
Oct. 16. 2-tf

Cheese.

JUST Received, 21 Casks Prime *CHEESE.*
For sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.
October 15, 1832. §2-tf.§

Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED BY STEAMBOAT-JNO. WALKER,
85 Bags Porto-Rico COFFEE.
IN STORE,
25 bags Havana COFFEE, for sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.
May 8. 79tf.

Communications.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

Mr. Hale: I would not so soon ask the use of the columns of your paper, was it not that an article has appeared in it over the signature of "*Richmond,*" in which myself and "*Southerner*" are challenged. I shall now proceed to answer the inquiries and objections of the author relative to the doctrine of Nullification. I maintain then, that a State has the right to nullify within her own limits, any act of the General Government which she may deem unconstitutional, and that the right is recognized by the Constitution. In his article he says, whenever a question of constitutional law is started, the only correct or at least satisfactory way of settling it is to take up the Constitution and examine it carefully. Should we there find the power sought after, we pronounce it constitutional; if, on the other hand, it is prohibited, or find no clause warranting it, we pronounce it to be unconstitutional.
Now, sir, this is one way, but not the only correct and satisfactory way, for it is the very silence of the Constitution that makes some things constitutional; that instrument distinctly declares, that all power and right, not delegated to the General Government nor prohibited to the States, are reserved to the States. We hold then, that the right or power in question, to settle or judge a question of constitutional law has not been delegated to the General Government, nor prohibited to the States;—it follows then, that it is a constitutional right that can be exercised by the States. It was not possible that a constitution could be framed so as to enumerate all the reserved rights of the States; for it should be recollected, that previous to the adoption of the Constitution, the States were separate and independent communities, possessing the exclusive right of legislation within their own chartered limits; no constitution could give them power as they already had all. Under these circumstances, the States found it necessary to declare in that instrument which they had created, that they reserved to themselves all right and power except those specified in it, which they had delegated to the General Government, to be exercised by it for the common good of all the States. He says, what a discovery; how preposterous and

absurd it is for us to say that we can nullify by virtue of the Constitution, for the same instrument which we contend gives us the right to nullify, imposes upon us the law sought to be nullified, as the supreme law of the land. This may appear to him to be a new and strange discovery, but it does not to us; and I wonder too he has not found out before now, amidst all his multifareous readings, that an unconstitutional law was no law at all and not obligatory. We hold that the law sought to be nullified is unconstitutional, and cannot be legally imposed upon us as the supreme law of the land, though a State cannot prevent its operation within her limits until she declares it such in her sovereign capacity, which constitutes nullification. When a State thus nullifies, it is unnecessary to call a Convention of the States to inquire into her right, inasmuch as the State maintains that the question is one of which she is the exclusive judge. He says also, in his article, that the celebrated geometrician Archimides affirmed, if he had another earth on which to plant his machine, he could move the one we inhabited; the nullifiers too, claiming as they do nullification as constitutional, will be at the same loss to find a fulcrum on which to rest their lever, and with him must exclaim, that in politics as well as mechanics, there are some things which, though theoretically right. are nevertheless practically wrong. This metaphor which he has introduced for the purpose of illustrating to us that nullification is practically wrong, is itself neither practical nor congruous. When we speak in reference to politics we may say that a thing is theoretically right, but practically wrong; but when we come to speak of geometry and the immutable principles of nature, we cannot rightfully use the words right and wrong; they can only be used to express and designate human actions, and to prove that there are many things theoretically right and practically wrong, is no argument to show that the one in question is so. And again, if nullification be theoretically right, it is no argument against the right of a State to exercise it to show that it is practically wrong, for if it be theoretically right, a State has a right to enforce it, for a right without a corresponding right to enforce it is no right at all. In the private circles of life, while in the exercise of our natural and civil rights, their practical effect is often adverse to the interest of others, but we seldom think it a good reason against our right to enforce them. He says also, in his article, that the doctrine of nullification is the most preposterous and anti-republican, that has ever been entertained by a set of men from the time of Mahomet, to the present moment, because it goes to establish the right of the minority to overrule the acts of the majority.

I beg leave to say here, that I believe he is incorrect in his statement and conclusion. The doctrine has been incorporated into the constitution of every Government on earth, that has ever yet pretended to freedom. This principle once existed in the government of Rome, and she never began to decline from her greatness and grandeur, until it was abolished by her Emperors. The same may be said of the States of Holland, which rose to unprecedented greatness and prosperity, when this principle existed in her government, and did not begin to dwindle, until she was compelled to relinquish it by Louis XIV; and sir, any government is unquestionably imperfect without it. In every country, the majority and minority have conflicting interests, and if you will have a government that is free, you must give to each the power of self protection, otherwise the strong, to gratify their ambition, sensuality, or avarice, might arrogate to themselves all advantages, at the expence of the weak. But it is alleged, that Nullification goes to overrule the acts of the majority. Now, this is not the case. Nullification is a negative power, or one of defence; or in other words, it is saying to the majority—thus far shalt thou go, and no farther. But it may be said—have we not a Constitution that prescribes limits to the majority, over which they cannot pass? It is true that we have a Constitution; but if they are to be the judges of the limits prescribed to themselves by it, pray sir, what good does it do? Why, none at all. We had better be without any Constitution.—It only serves the purpose of the majority to justify themselves in plundering the minority. Nullification, then, is part of our system; it was it, which divided the people of this country, in the days of Jefferson, into two great parties; and I do not hesitate to assert, that it must become the settled policy of this Republic, or it will fall; and I will go farther, and will venture to foretel, that before three months will roll around, one of two things will come to pass: the General Government will have to yield to the force of Nullification, or the sun of our national glory will set. I have long entertained the opinion, that the day would arrive, when a new and independent Empire would spring up amongst us. We have an extensive territory; having in it a great dissimilarity in point of local advantages; and a population which has such a variety of conflicting interests and pursuits, that it does seem almost impossible that we can be retained much longer under the same code of laws. There is but one way by which it can be done; that is, for the General Government to confine itself to the exercise of a few powers of definite character, and general utility, and leave the States, as much as possible, to manage their own internal affairs; and to conclude, with the language of our venerable Chief Magistrate—nor is our government to be maintained, or our Union preserved, by invasions of the rights and powers of the several States. In thus attempting to make our General Government strong, we make it weak; its true strength consists in leaving individuals and States, as much as possible, to themselves; in making itself felt, not in its power, but in its beneficence; not in its control, but in its protection; not in binding the States more closely to the centre, but leaving each to move, untouched, in its proper orbit.

LIBERTY.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

"*The only effectual remedy* for intemperance *ever yet proposed, is, entire abstinence* from the use of ardent spirits, *except as a medicine.* Hundreds of thousands have resolved and resolved again to drink only a little, and yet have died drunkards: and all resolutions which fall short of this point, have proved only parlies with the enemy, resulting in renewed discomfiture.

"Nor should it be forgotten that, with the exception of the slight inconvenience of the change, it is most plainly for *the interest* of dealers (in ardent spirits) as individuals and as a class to give up this traffic. This is almost too clear for argument. If a man sells a barrel of Flour to a community, he sells that which will go to swell the productive resources of that community, and of course to increase its abilities to purchase; it will give to the labourers strength to work, and earn the means of bringing up a numerous class of productive families. But if he sells a barrel of Rum, he sells that which will go to injure the productive energies of that community; to diminish its ability to purchase, and to produce around him a poor, starving, unproductive labouring population. Every one can see at a glance, that it would be for the interest of a dealer to pursue the former course; the temperate would purchase more extensively, and would in all respects be better customers than the intemperate community. This is as plain as the light of the sun."

AN IRON BLOODED RACE.—Dr. John Mason Good, in his Book of Nature, says, that the blood of about forty men contains *iron* enough to make a good ploughshare, and might easily have its iron extracted from it, to be reduced to a metalic state, and manufactured into such an instrument!

FOR THE OBSERVER.

To the Members of the Presbytery of Fayetteville.

DEAR BRETHREN: In compliance with your desire, as expressed at your late meeting at Clinton, that the Minutes of your proceedings should be published as speedily as practicable, I have, since my return home from that meeting, used all due diligence, in making a transcript of them, for publication. Accordingly, they are now prepared for the press: but, inasmuch as the business of Presbytery is not yet finished, there being three several adjourned meetings provided for, within the coming month, I take it for granted, that the Minutes will lose none of their interest in the estimation of the Christian public, by the delay of their appearance for a few weeks; and that I shall sufficiently execute your design in relation to *all* that was done at Clinton, should I postpone the publication of the *whole* of the Minutes of that meeting, until I can add to them, the Minutes of the contemplated meetings, at Black river Chapel, at Mount Carmel Church, and at Sharon Church. In the interim, such *extracts* from the Minutes of the late meeting at Clinton, as require the *more immediate* attention of the Churches, shall accompany this communication; and the whole together, if God permit, shall appear, in the periodicals designated by the Presbytery, early in the month of January next. I publish the extracts which follow this, in the Fayetteville papers; as they can thus appear, one week earlier than if sent to the religious periodicals, which are established at a considerable distance from us. Yours fraternally & affectionately.

COLIN McIVER.

Fayetteville, 16th Nov. 1832.

Extracts from the Minutes of the Presbytery of Fayetteville.

THIRTY-NINTH SESSIONS, CLINTON, SAMPSON COUNTY, N. C.—*Monday, 5th November,* 1832.

Resolved, That this Presbytery do cordially concur with the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, in recommending to the churches under their care, the observance of the *first Monday in January,* 1833, as a day of *Fasting and Prayer,* for the Divine blessing on the Ministry of the Gospel throughout the world, for the revival of religion in the whole of christendom, and for the entire success of those benevolent enterprises which have for their object the world's conversion to God.

Minutes, vol. 3. *p.* 105 *and* 106.

Resolved, That collections be made, in all the churches under the care of this Presbytery, for the contingent Fund of the General Assembly, before the next stated sessions of this Presbytery; and that it be enjoined on the several ministers belonging to this Presbytery, to make reports at the next stated sessions, of the sum collected for this purpose.

Minutes, vol. 3, *p.* 110 *and* 111.

Tuesday, Nov. 6th, 1832.

Whereas Presbytery are informed, that there is, at this time, an urgent necessity for affording speedy and liberal relief to the Union Theological Seminary, therefore, *Resolved,* That it be, and it is hereby enjoined on all the Ministers belonging to this Presbytery, to take up collections in their respective Congregations, for the supply of the immediate wants of said institution, on the first Sabbath in January next; or as soon thereafter as practicable, and transmit the same to the Rev'd Henry A. Rowland, of Fayetteville, to be by him forwarded, with all practicable expedition, to the Treasurer of said Seminary, and that report be made by each Minister, to Presbytery, at their next Stated Sessions, of the sums by them respectively collected for the object herein stated.

Minutes, Vol. 3, *P.* 121.

True extracts from the Minutes of Presbytery.

COLIN McIVER, *Stated Clerk.*

FOREIGN.

New York, November 9.

LATER FROM EUROPE.—The Boston papers furnish us with London dates of the 4th ult., received by the way of Halifax.

The King of Spain is not dead, notwithstanding the confirmation of yesterday, by way of Malaga, of the report of his death.—He had been very ill, and was insensible, it would seem, for a time—which led to the rumor of his death.

The Belgian question, it is now said, will be settled amicably, though on the other hand, our readers will remark that a large French force was said to be concentrating on the Belgic frontier, which had led to an intimation on the part of Prussia, that, in case the French troops entered Belgium, the Prussians would also march into that kingdom. A change has taken place in the French ministry, which places Soult at its head. This may possibly be construed into a preparation for war.

As to Portugal, Don Pedro's cause looks well.—The rumor of an attack made by Don Miguel's troops on Oporto is stated in the Boston Atlas to be confirmed. Don Miguel's loss is calculated at nearly *two thousand* in killed, wounded and prisoners. Among the latter were a number of friars, who were decorated with chains and marched through Oporto. A renewal of the attack was expected, but in perfect confidence that it would again fail.

Besides the successful resistance of the attack of Don Miguel on Oporto, we have to announce the capture of a 26-gun ship bound to Lisbon, from Goa, with about 30,000*l.* on board in treasure, on the 21st ult. by the Constitutional brig Twenty-Third of July; and also the dismantling of the Fort Aveiro by a detachment of Pedro's troops.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 1.—The business done in Cotton last week was less extensive than any of the three preceding, though it amounted to 18,650 bales, viz. —610 Sea Islands 11⅓@14½d.; 150 stained 7@10; 4880 upland 6¾@8; 5500 Orleans 6¾@8½, (10@9;) 4610 Alabama 6⅞@7⅞; 1670 Brazil 8@10¼; 810 Egyptian 8¼@9½; 30 W. India 8½; 390 East India 5¾@6⅛—total, 18,650. For the first two days of the week, the demand was brisk, both from consumers and speculators, but advices being subsequently received which rumored that hostilities had partially begun between Holland and Belgium, the market became quiet, and has since continued so; holders, however, have shown no disposition to press sales at the last reduction—about 4000 American, 700 Egyptian, and 300 Brazils have been taken on speculation, and the import of the week is 4600 bales. The sales on Saturday were 1500 bales, and our stock on that day is estimated at 346,500 bales of all descriptions, against 298,000 at this period last year; this includes 195,500 at the same period twelve months ago.

October 3.—2,500 bales is the estimated quantity of Cotton sold to-day, viz: 500 Brazils, in Pernams, at 9 to 9¼d. and Bahias at 8d. to 8½d; and 2000 in American descriptions, from 6¾d to 8¼d.

October 4.—The transactions in the cotton market to-day amount to 1,500 bales, and comprise 60 Maranhams at 9¼d; 150 Egyptians, 8¾d to 9¼d; and about 1,300 in American descriptions, from 6¾d *a* 7¾d.

From Bell's Weekly (London) Messenger.

STEAM CARRIAGE.—Some notice has been taken by the public press of the arrival of a steam coach at Birmingham from Southampton, on the 4th inst.—This coach is the invention of Messrs. Ogle and Summers, of Southampton, who, after a most serious expenditure of time and money, have at length accomplished the desideratum of a mode of power by which carriages can be propelled on the common roads of the country with speed and safety, and without smoke. The first attempt was from Southampton to Oxford and Birmingham. During its first progress, there was considerable difficulty in regulating the speed down hill, the machine having, in one instance, hurried down a declivity at a most enormous rate, probably fifty miles an hour. Captain Ogle, by his nerve and management, steered it, notwithstanding, with perfect ease. This has been amended, and the vehicle was seen leisurely proceeding down long Compton Hill at a steady rate of about 7 miles an hour; a rate slower than that with which it ascended Loveridge Hill. Through the tortuous windings of Shipstone, too, it proceeded at about 10 miles an hour with the greatest precision.

Perhaps a finer sight has rarely been seen than its starting for Oxford. The intention had been known previously, and being the day of St. Giles's Fair, the town was thronged with thousands of visitors; and as the ponderous machine was preparing to start from the Star Inn, the description of the car of Juggernaut rushing on its votaries was strongly brought to mind. It commenced at about 10 miles per hour, accelerating its speed to about 14 miles at the utmost. On the whole line of its journey it suffered delays from the badness of quality, or actual want of coke, and the time taken up in charging the tank—matter of detail, which a regular establishment will easily correct.

We believe that the patent boiler of Messrs. Ogle and Summers is the main cause of their success, as containing the greatest possible heating surface within the smallest possible space, and without any danger, although worked at 200 pounds on the square inch, and capable of bearing 294 pounds; in fact, this boiler presents 398 feet heating surface, and the pressure of 200 pounds to the inch exhibits upwards of nineteen millions of pounds of pressure, without the slightest danger!

The cylinders are 12¼ inches in diameter, with metallic pistons; and the whole of the machinery is carried horizontally under the body of the carriage.

From the Boston Advocate.

DERMOT MACMURRAH, or the Conquest of Ireland, an historical tale of the twelfth century, in four cantos, by *John Quincey Adams.* This is the title of a neat pamphlet of 108 pages, which came from the press of Carter, Hendee & Co. on Saturday.

Nothing has occurred for a long time, in the history of literature more remarkable than this. A poem; a playful, satirical, finished, polished poem, from the pen of a profound and austere statesman, the learned civilian, the deep scholar, the acute politician, the unconquered and unconquerable controversialist!—And yet we really have in this poem, another of those specimens, so rare and so agreeable in the history of genius and learning, of great versatility of talent; the union of the opposites of playful humor, and profound research.

The ex-President has occasionally been known to have wooed the muses, in a few stanzas, but this is his first attempt at any thing like a continuous poem. His friends might well have trembled for his fame, if they had known he was venturing on so hazardous an experiment, at an age when those who were practised poets in their youth, lose all the fire and force of fancy, and when those who never were poets cannot acquire the smoothness and refinement of the art.

Nevertheless, Mr. Adams has been eminently successful in this fanciful, but elegant trifling of his leisure hours. He has chosen for his theme the events which led to the possession of Ireland by England in the twelfth century, and as has always been the fact, since the days of Eve and Helen, in all conquests and downfalls of man and empires, a *woman* is the cause of all.

Dermot, King of Leinster, seizes and carries off Dovegilda, wife of Ororic, who in return, attacks Dermot, and drives him out of the kingdom. He applies to Henry of England for succour, and ravages his kingdom, which he consents to hold in vassalage under the crown of England. Henry availed himself of this claim, and through it achieved the entire conquest of Ireland.

This outline Mr. Adams has wrought up to a beautiful moral, illustrating the trite, but as he conceives, false maxim, that History is Philosophy teaching by example; an aphorism, which he says has made a greater fortune in the world than it deserves. 'History as it should be written and read, is the school of morals, teaching sometimes by example, but much more frequently by *Admonition.* To test this truth, says Mr. A. "would ask the young men and women of my native country, who may charge an idle evening with the perusal of the *history* which I now dedicate to them, what sort of *philosophy* would be taught by the *example* of Henry the Second of England, or of Dermot Mac Morrogh, which resulted in the conquest of Ireland.' He adds, with a well deserved sneer, 'David Hume passes for a *philosophical* historian.'

MALES AND FEMALES.—It appears by the corrected schedule of the fifth census of the United States, just published, that in every section of the country, except New England, the free males out-number the free females. The excess of free females over free males in New England is 24,638. Excess of free males in the middle States, 58,944, do. in the Southern States 10,536; do. in the Western and South Western States, 118,027; do. in the Districts and Territories, 8,979—making an excess of males over females, (in the middle, southern, western and southwestern States, Districts & Territories,) of 196,176; and in the whole United States of 171,488. In New York the free males exceed the fair sex by 32,806, in Ohio by 31,068, in Pennsylvania by 20,548, and in Kentucky by 16,846. But in Massachusetts the females exceed the males by 14,314, in N. Hampshire by 6,397, in Connecticut by 3,856, and in little Rhode Island by 3,431.—*Boston Transcript.*

EXCESSIVE LEGISLATION.—In the Superior Court of Connecticut, a case of considerable importance was thrown out of Court a short time since, in consequence of a power of Attorney having been acknowledged before a notary public, there being a statute of Connecticut prescribing that such acknowledgment shall be taken before a Justice of the Peace. This little bit of legislation, of no use in a case, deprived an honest citizen of the justice for which he had appealed. An instrument acknowledged before a notary is as good as if acknowledged any where else. All that is wanted is a power of Attorney: and whether the authentication is sufficient, is proper matter to be decided by the Court. Too much of our legislation does little else than narrow, crook and otherwise obstruct the path of justice, so that none but lawyers can pass through it.—*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.—The following article is from the last Pittsburg (Penn.) Gazette. To "those who think," it is well calculated to furnish matter for reflection:

"THE ELECTION NIGHT.—In mere wantonness, on the night of the election, an excited party burned a new house, that was but just finished. The owner was obnoxious to some of the party concerned!—There is an incendiary spirit abroad, and in this city it runs riot, and its licentiousness is unrestrained. It *threatened* conflagration to the U. States Bank, and denounced individuals, and marked private dwellings for destruction. *One* house was burned! May heaven save the country from this consuming spirit, and grant, in its mercy, that this burning tornado may not perrade the Union, and destroy its civil institutions, and consume the constitution. The signs of the times have awakened the fears and the apprehensions of our best men, and they forbode the worst for the republic."

BUSINESS AT CHARLESTON.—It is not our habit to make averments on light or insufficient grounds. We stated a few days since, that the public measures pursued in South Carolina threatened extensive injury to the business of this City. Such a result was to have been looked for by all who knew what slight causes affect commerce. It is not necessary to confirm general conclusions on such a subject. All history shows that commercial confidence never lives in an atmosphere of revolution, or where revolution is only remotely apprehended. But we spoke on this subject not without full warrant. We did not breathe a syllable on the matter until we were assured, from quarters above all suspicion, that the mere apprehension of violent measures in this State had begun to affect the business of Charleston. We now repeat our original statement, which has been confirmed by subsequent inquiries.

We have conversed with merchants extensively engaged in business, and the most prudent of them assure us that they have ceased within a few weeks to guarantee sales on commission on account of their Northern correspondents. That this must cut off a large share of the commission business of the city, we need not state to those who know in what manner that business is conducted. We have been assured by others, that the term of commercial credit has been considerably shortened in this city, from the apprehension of persons that their capital may be placed in jeopardy by a longer period of credit. We have been assured by those who have the best opportunities of correct information, that the Banks, for the same reason, are curtailing their discounts of paper at long periods of credit—and that credits at 30 and 60 days are now generally substituted for 90 and 120 days.

We have been also assured, that such of our merchants as have resorted to the North for facilities of credit in their business, have found an indisposition in their former friends to extend to them the same accommodation as formerly. The facilities of this kind have been greatly curtailed in almost every department of business. Are these no signs of decreasing confidence? Shall we wait until the evidences of actual and melancholy decay visit us, before we are persuaded that ruin awaits our course of measures? Are we to take no warnings of experience that tell us how frail a fabric is commercial confidence? How sensitive credit is to every rude touch of public policy? How easy it is to divert trade from its accustomed channels, and how difficult to recover it when once diverted?

Charleston Patriot.

We are authorized by the Intendant to state that the reports from Folly Island, received yesterday, announce the gratifying intelligence that there have been no new cases of Cholera, and no deaths, during the last 48 hours. The report from Morris's Island is also of the most cheering complexion, there having been no new case there during the last 24 hours, and those who were sick being better, and in a fair way of recovery. We are also authorized to state that the vessel engaged for the transportation of all those of the crew and passengers of the Amelia who are able to endure a voyage, went down to the Island yesterday; and as the vessel is now ready for their removal, and amply supplied with stores necessary for the voyage, it is expected that they will all take their departure this day.—All cause of apprehension of the Cholera, arising from those unfortunate sufferers at the Island, may now be regarded as substantially removed.—*Charleston Pat.*

Mr. Crawford, in a letter under date of Sept 13th, recently published, declares: "I reject Nullification as a peaceable, constitutional measure. For I verily believe that no man in his senses ever believed it to be so. I reject it as a revolutionary measure, because every constitutional measure of redress has not been tried, and because it will, in all human probability, be ineffectual, and will injure none but those who resort to it."

He ought to have added—"and because Mr. *Calhoun* is strenuously in favor of the doctrine; and has staked his political existence upon its constitutionality and soundness." We suppose he goes for SECESSION! The time was, when the opinions of Mr. *Crawford* were worth quoting; at present, they pass for very little among candid and intelligent men. To say nothing of the decay of his mind, he is a disappointed politician, and there is no man in the country for whom he cherishes so genuine a hatred as he does for the great advocate of Nullification.—*Boston Com. Gaz.*

Painesville, Ohio, Nov. 3.

FATAL MISTAKE.—The circumstances of this melancholy accident, as just related to us, are briefly as follows. On Wednesday evening last, Mr. Ingley of Auburn, in this county, was returning home in a state of intoxication, and fell into the ditch by the side of the road. A man passing by discovered him in that situation, and mistook him for a *bear.* He returned about half a mile to a tavern, made known his discovery, procured a rifle, and went back in company with three or four others; and when they arrived within about fifteen feet of him, still lying helpless in the ditch, they were so confident that it was a bear, that one of them immediately fired and killed him instantly. So far as we have been informed, no evil design attaches to any one—it appears to have been wholly a mistake, occasioned by the darkness of the night, and his lying in the situation above described.

Character of the Kentuckians.—The Kentuckians all carry large pocket knives, which they never fail to use in a scuffle; and you may see a gentleman seated at the tavern door balanced on two legs of a chair, picking his teeth with a knife, the blade of which is full six inches long, or cutting the benches, posts or any thing else that may lie within his reach. Notwithstanding this, the Kentuckians are by no means more quarrelsome than any other people of the Western States, and they are vastly less so than the people of Ireland. But, when they do commence hostilities, they fight with great bitterness, as do most Americans, biting, gouging, and cutting unrelentingly.

Farrall's Rambles in America.

Hala's Comet has been seen by various astronomers in England, agreeably to calculations previously announced.

MORTALITY IN NEW ORLEANS.

The accounts from New-Orleans continue to be of the most appalling character. We received but one paper, the *Argus* of the 3 inst. by last evening's mail, but letters received in this city and Mobile, give the following particulars: Interments from Friday, 26th ult. to Thursday, 1st inst. 1070. A communication from the Mayor, to the authorities of Mobile, Nov. 2d, states that the whole surface of the city has become a prey to the disorder, and that it proves particularly fatal to the colored population. Gen. Farrow died on the 31st ult. after 3 hours illness.

A letter received in this city, dated 3d inst. says:—"Death and destruction are staring us in the face at every step. I feel like a man in a dark pathway, filled with pits and snares, and he knows not but every step he takes will launch him into one. The public prints give you no idea of the distress that prevails here; I write strictly within bounds when I mention that 1200 persons have been buried from Sunday morning last to the present moment. In fact, it has been computed by many, that it has averaged 200 per day. This statement, believe me, is true.

"From the great number of coffins needed, some are merely square sugar boxes. I saw on Thursday, in 3 trenches, about 120 coffins not yet covered; I was there for half an hour, and in that time I think there were at least 50 coffins brought in, some on drays, carts, and some even borne on the shoulders of 4 individuals."

FIRE.—To add to the distress of this ill-fated city, a fire broke out on the night of the 2d inst., in Dumain-street, between the Levee and Chartres-street, which destroyed four three-story brick dwelling houses, before it could be subdued.—*Charles. Cour.*

A letter received in this City, dated 2d November, depicts the following horrible state of things in New Orleans:

"The sickness at this place continues to increase to an alarming extent; yesterday we had 177 deaths, the day before, 123, and on Tuesday, 110; where it will end, God only knows. The inhabitants are completely panic struck. Bon-fires of tar and pitch are now burning in every street, and continual firing of cannon; what effect all this will have upon the atmosphere remains to be seen. Yesterday, at night, there remained nearly 150 corpses unburied in the church yard."—*Charleston Pat.*

THE FIRST SNOW.—On Thursday last, we were visited by a heavy fall of snow, the first of this season. The temperature was mild, and a heavy rain had previously fallen; consequently, the flakes dissolved as fast as they fell. Had the air been a few degrees cooler, and the earth dry, we might have had tolerable sleighing. The mountains around us have been clothed in their winter garb for two or three days.—*Lynchburg Virg.*

An Editor's Life in the West.—The Louisville (Ky.) Journal and Focus of 27th ult., has this paragraph:

SELF DEFENCE.—The Advertiser says, that the Editor of the Lexington Observer, apprehensive of an attack on his person, sleeps with pistols "*cocked and primed at the four corners of his bed.*" We are glad to hear it. Our Lexington friend, whenever beset, will defend himself with manly courage, and not—like our neighbor over the way—*leap from a garret window, half dead with affright, and flee to a swamp for refuge from his pursuers!*

SUICIDE.—About a month ago a young man of genteel appearance and address, by the name of *William W. Emerson,* came to this Borough from Fayetteville, (N. C.) and commenced keeping a lottery office in one of the brick tenements on Main, opposite Bank street, in which he was regular in his attendance until last week, during the whole of which his office remained shut, and he was missing. The circumstance however excited no remark, as it was supposed that he had only left town for a short time.—On Saturday last, however, the occupant of the adjoining tenement being annoyed by a most disagreeable odor issuing from the young man's apartment, finally determined to force open the door, to ascertain the cause, which he did, and to his surprise and horror found the tenant himself, dead and in a state of putrefaction. His body was lying on an inclined plane, formed by placing a chair in an inverted position on the floor, and laying a board on it; his lower extremities resting on the floor. He was stripped of his coat, the left shirt sleeve was rolled up; his arm was bandaged above the elbow, and a wide incision made in an artery a little below, from which it was evident he had bled to death. A razor was lying on the counter, with which he probably inflicted the wound. At the inquest it was ascertained that he had borrowed a book on anatomy from a neighboring physician, on Saturday week, no doubt for the purpose of ascertaining the situation of the artery, and it is probable that he perpetrated the act of self-destruction the same evening, as he had not afterwards been seen, either at his boarding house, or by any of his acquaintance. From the papers found in his office it appears that his family live in Bangor, (Me.) and that he has very respectable connections in New York.—*Norfolk Herald.*

A gentleman said the other day that if any one would bet him that Gen. Jackson would get 289 electoral votes he would say *done;* but he did not think it safe to bet that he would not get 288. It is nearly certain, however, that he has lost Connecticut, and more than probable that he will lose Massachusetts and Delaware to Clay, and Vermont to Wirt.

Norfolk Herald.

SPOT ON THE SUN.

Some of our readers may be interested in knowing that there is a large Spot on the Sun's Disc, nearly ten thousand miles in diameter. On Saturday, November 3d, it was quite distinctly marked, and appeared nearly circular; in the morning it was to be seen directly above the sun's centre, nearly half way towards his western limb, (edge.)

RACING.

A Challenge to the World for $10,000!—The Secretary of the Tree Hill Jockey Club is authorized and requested to make known, that the produce of Medley, 3 years old next Spring, will run over the Tree Hill Course, the day preceding the next Fall regular Meeting, against the produce *of any other horse,* of the same age, two, three, or four mile heats, for the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars, to close the 1st of January next.

November 12th, 1832.

STEREOGRAPH CHECKS AND BILLS OF EXCHANGE—For sale at this Office.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 20, 1832.

THE ELECTION.

The returns come in very slowly, the following being all that we have heard from. It is probable that the next Raleigh papers will make the whole:

	Jackson & Van Buren.	*Jackson & Barbour.*	*Clay & Sergeant.*
ason,	548	39	132
rtie,	261	37	45
anford,	55	200	53
nswick,	103	11	51
den,	210	00	51
mden,	186	00	11
arrus,	77	249	173
teret,	107	5	59
thum,	384	34	81
mberland,	593	58	183
ren,	279	00	135
well,	620	12	8
lin,	289	00	11
reecomb,	877	43	5
nklin,	459	9	30
nville,	439	00	60
lford,	247	27	375
ke,	243	258	10
de,	99	36	19
ell,	209	7	219
nson,	360	00	7
ior,	229	4	19
coln,	936	206	226
klenburg,	489	273	213
tgomery,	51	331	81
l,	437	8	00
thampton,	117	2	38
Hanover,	541	6	74
ge,	759	6	170
,	202	121	81
quotank,	235	00	101
quimons,	135	00	31
dolph,	289	32	221
kingham,	383	00	32
eson,	407	6	160
mond,	240	50	70
erford,	739	178	24
pson,	361	9	10
ren,	415	10	8
yne,	422	7	34
ke,	503	22	101
ington,	142	18	17
	14,657	2,314	3,429

Twenty-two Counties yet to be heard from.

MAINE.—The Jackson Majority is not fully ascertained, but it will probably be near 5,000.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—The returns are full, and give Jackson 23,021, Clay 17,760. Majority 5,261.

CONNECTICUT.—The returns complete, except 5 small towns. Clay 17,518, Jackson 14,041, Anti-masonic 3,335.

NEW YORK.—Majority for Jackson upwards of 10,000; not complete.

NEW JERSEY.—This State has given a majority of 765 for the Jackson Ticket.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The Jackson majority in the whole State is 24,522.

MARYLAND.—Baltimore, the only District heard from, has chosen two Jackson Electors, by a majority of 777.

VIRGINIA.—79 counties heard from, give Jackson a majority of 16,982. 30 counties unheard from.

KENTUCKY.—This State has gone for Clay, by a majority, it is supposed, of 5 or 6,000.

OHIO.—Jackson majority 5,175. Only two small counties to be heard from.

INDIANA.—Returns from only three Counties giving an anti-Jackson majority of 15 votes.

The state of the vote so far, is as follows:

FOR JACKSON.—Maine 10, New Hampshire 8, New York 42, New Jersey 8, Pennsylvania 30, Maryland 2, Virginia 23, North Carolina 15, Georgia 11, Ohio 21. In all, 171, or 25 more than are necessary to secure the election. This will be increased by the votes of the following States yet to be heard from, viz. Tennessee 15, Mississippi 4, Alabama 7, Missouri 4, and probably Indiana 9, Illinois 5, Louisiana 5, and 3 in Maryland. Should he get these, his vote will be 222, out of 288.

FOR CLAY.—Connecticut 8, Kentucky 15, 23 certain. Probable, Massachusetts 14, Rhode Island 4, Delaware 3, Maryland 4.—In all, 48.

FOR WIRT.—Vermont 7.

DOUBTFUL.—South Carolina 11.

It is uncertain how many votes Van Buren will have for the Vice Presidency, but certainly enough to secure his election.

On the first Wednesday of December, the Electors of the different States will meet in their respective Colleges, and give their votes for a President and Vice President of the U. States for the ensuing four years. The result of their votes will be transmitted to the Seat of Government, directed to the President of the Senate, who opens all the certificates in presence of the two Houses of Congress.

Taking Time by the forelock.—The Providence American nominates Mr. Wirt to succeed Gen. Jackson in the Presidency, in 1837.

The Federal Court for the District of North Carolina, met at Raleigh on the 12th inst. and remained in session until Saturday last the 17th,—Chief Justice Marshall and Judge Potter present. The protracted term of the Court was owing to the trial of the important Land suits, in which it is understood many citizens of the Western part of this State are interested. We are not acquainted with the merits of these cases. We learn that John R. Mills, of this town, and Jackson Straughan, a youth from Chatham County, were convicted of Mail Robbery, and sentenced to *ten* years imprisonment. Straughan was the carrier of the Mail between this place and Pittsborough, and in one of his trips to this place, was persuaded by Mills to commit the robbery for which he has been sentenced to so severe a punishment. It seems almost impossible for a robbery of the mail to pass undetected and unpunished.

The case of Mills has been carried up to the Supreme Court of the U. S.

☞ The Editors of the Journal are informed, that we have more reason to rely upon "the hearsays of our associates," than upon the statements of the North Carolina Journal.

SNOW.—We understand that Snow fell at Salem, in this State, on Thursday, the 8th instant.

NEW PAPER IN WILMINGTON.—For several months past, there has been no paper published in Wilmington, a circumstance much to be regretted, not only by the citizens of that place, but by the public at large. It is therefore, with gratification that we learn, that H. S. ELLENWOOD, Esq., advantageously known as a writer, in this State, and formerly co-Editor of one of the Boston papers, has issued proposals for a weekly paper in that town, to be commenced as soon as the materials can be procured from the North, say early in the next month. With regard to the character of the paper, we learn, that it will be devoted *principally* to the interests of the Merchant and Farmer; and, that as to politics, it will give the current news of the day, fairly and impartially, without distinction of party.

From our acquaintance with Mr. Ellenwood, and some of his writings, we have no doubt that the new paper will be among the most interesting in the Southern Country. We heartily wish it the success we are sure it will merit.

A subscription paper has been left at the Bookstore, to which signatures are solicited.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Convention was to have met yesterday. The Union party permitted the Nullifiers to elect Delegates from their own party, without opposition.

Military Movement.—Two additional companies of artillery have been ordered to the forts in Charleston harbor, from Fortress Monroe. They sailed on Wednesday last in the schr. Empire.

The U. S. Telegraph says it is rumoured that an armament of Revenue Cutters is fitting out at the Navy Yard at Washington, which is intended to blockade Charleston.

CHARLESTON.—We rejoice to find it announced in the last Charleston Evening Post, that all fears of Cholera in that City, arising from the sickness on Folly Island, have subsided. There has been but one case, about a fortnight ago, which was immediately announced to the public. It originated from the individual visiting the Island.

The Georgia Anti-Tariff Convention, from whose deliberations the people of that State seem to anticipate a deliverance from the evils of the Tariff, assembled at Milledgeville on the 12th inst. 125 Delegates, from 61 Counties, appeared and took their seats. Among them are the most distinguished men of the State, Gilmer, Berrien, Forsyth, Clayton, &c. The result of their session will probably be known in time for our next. It will probably end as all previous meetings of the kind have ended, in an appeal to the justice of Congress, which, like its predecessors, will be "laid upon the table," of that body.

THE STATUE.—The last Greensborough Patriot publishes a letter from Mr. Robert Ball Hughes, the person employed by the State to restore the Statue of Washington, to the Editor of that paper, complaining of the notice lately taken of him by the Patriot, and in no select terms, pronouncing the statement that he had got $3000, and runaway, to be a "shameful and outrageous lie." He declares, "on his honor, that he has never received one or any of the instalments until they became justly due according to the terms of the contract." He goes on to say,—

"It always was my intention to restore the *marble* in Raleigh; but I am not in any way bound to restore the bust there. The news of the dreadful cholera here hurried me away from Raleigh; but not until I had completed my contract to the utmost for what I had been paid: neither have I *ever* received any money which I was not, by such contract, *strictly* entitled to. The loss of one of my best workmen, and other reasons not necessary to mention here, demanded I should restore the *busts* (not the statue,) in New York, where I have every convenience for so doing; and by which arrangement the work in question would have been forwarded some months."

The Editor, in his reply, says that he made his statement on the authority alone of common report.

We see it stated, that the notorious Gen. Houston intends returning to Tennessee, and offering himself, to the good people of that state, as a candidate for the office of Governor.

Extract of a letter received in Charleston dated,
NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 6.

"In the two burying grounds there are now lying unburied and exposed to the weather upwards of 200 bodies, that have been there for several days, it being difficult to procure persons to deposit them in the earth. I could go on with many other similar distressing circumstances, but must leave the relation to another time,—170 die daily."

Other letters dated the 5th, mention that not a case has occurred among the shipping, that the daily average number of deaths was 200, and there was no business doing.

THE PRESIDENT'S SENTIMENTS.—A correspondent of the Charleston Patriot, who writes from Washington, *after a conversation with the President*, states with regard to the Tariff, that Gen. Jackson is "*with the people of South Carolina, upon the general principle, and ready and willing to carry it into effect with as little delay as a prudent caution against precipitate changes will admit.*"

In New York, Judge Marcy, the Jackson candidate for Governor, 32 Jackson members of Congress, out of 40, and 99 out of 123, members of the Legislature, are elected.

APPLE TREES.—A horticulturist in Bohemia has a beautiful plantation of the best sort of apple trees, which have neither sprung from seeds nor grafting. His plan is to take shoots from the choicest sorts, insert them in a potato, and plunge both into the ground, leaving but an inch or two of the shoot above the surface. The potato nourishes the shoot whilst it pushes out roots, and the shoot gradually springs up and becomes a beautiful tree bearing the best of fruit, without requiring to be grafted.—*Canada Record.*

Death of Charles Carroll.

THE LAST OF THE SIGNERS IS DEAD!—The venerable Patriarch of the Revolution CHARLES CARROLL, of Carrollton, is no more. He expired on Wednesday last at Baltimore, in the ninety-sixth year of his age. We copy from the Baltimore American the following notice of his decease.

"The only remaining link which connected this generation with the past, with that illustrious race of statesmen, philanthropists, and patriots, the founders of American Independence, and the benefactors of the world, now, and for all time hereafter—is broken. The brotherhood of glory is reunited above, and CARROLL is removed from the love, gratitude, and veneration of the living, to an association with the kindred spirits of Washington, and his associates, the departed patriarchs of Liberty. Henceforth the DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE is sacred to History—part of the mighty Past. THE LAST OF THE SIGNERS IS DEAD!

"These tidings, though in the course of nature not unexpected in some degree, will be received with solemn feelings by the American Nation. One whose name has been familiar in every mouth for reverence and affection, is departed;—one who was the sole living relic of the days of our fathers—their sufferings, their constancy, their heroism, their virtues, their triumphs, and all the glories which have succeeded, making us and our country the pride and the hope of the world—has been taken away from our eyes, and every American heart feels as though it had been bereaved of some near and cherished personal friend. A whole people claimed the interest of children in his fame and well-being in his life time, and they will join, at his death, with one common impulse, in the tender and reverential feelings of children for a lost benefactor and parent. Their regrets, though profound, will be temperate and resigned, as of those who mourn over a dispensation of Providence which was inevitable, and has been mercifully delayed far beyond the ordinary life of man—of those, who, for their own sake and that of mankind, lament that in this world, goodness and greatness should share the universal doom of decay—immortal qualities, clothed in perishing bodies.

"Deep, sincere, and universal, will be these sensations, and mingled with them, the consolatory reflection that the long career of the illustrious dead was eminently fortunate. The large estate which he inherited, and risked in our revolutionary struggle, while it furnished his youth and manhood with every rational pleasure, enjoyment, and accomplishment, conformable to his enlightened and liberal taste, made his old age one of ease and affluence, of generous hospitality and liberal benevolence. A numerous and honorable family grew up around him, sweetening the evening of his life with the purest of earthly enjoyments, the communion of the domestic hearth. And at the close of a career—which extended twenty years beyond the allotment of the Psalmist—blessed in all personal relations, he saw himself the object of reverence to twelve millions of freemen—a mighty nation which had grown up to power and wealth, and glory, beneath his eye, and confessed him as one of the chief authors and architects of its greatness! Such was his career, and when has the world ever seen another so perfect in its fullness of blessings and honor in life and in death?

"We have collected, as fully as the brief time allowed us for this day's paper would permit, from such popular sources as are within our reach, a sketch of the prominent incidents in the life of CARROLL. He was born on the 20th of September, 1737, at Annapolis, in this State, and consequently was, at the time of his death, in the *ninety-sixth* year of his age. He descended from a highly respectable Irish family, who had emigrated to this country in the reign of William and Mary. At a very early age he was sent to St. Omers, to be educated; thence, after a short time, he was removed to Rheins, to the college of Louis Le Grand; and thence to one of the best institutions in France for the study of civil law. After becoming well versed in the science, he passed over to London, and commenced his term at the Temple for the study of the common law. After finishing his studies and his travels, he returned to his native land at the ripe age of twenty-seven. At this period the discussions between the mother country and the colonies commenced, and were soon after carried on with great warmth. Mr. Carroll did not hesitate, but took side with the lovers of liberty.

"He wielded a ready pen, and was soon known as one of the most powerful political writers in Maryland. He foresaw early that an appeal to arms must be made, and boldly recommended preparations.

"Early in 1776, he was sent as one of a commission to Canada, to induce the people of that province to join us in opposing the mother country. The disasters which had previously befallen our arms in that quarter rendered the mission ineffectual. He returned in June, 1776, and instantly repaired to the convention of Maryland, of which he was a member; and there, urging them to withdraw the instructions they had given their delegates in Congress, not to vote for independence, at length succeeded. He was appointed a delegate in Congress. On the eighteenth of July, he presented his credentials to the continental congress at Philadelphia, and on the second day of August following subscribed his name to the immortal instrument. He was considered at the time, as one of the most fearless men of the age; for he had more to risk, in point of property, than any other man in the whole community, Hancock not excepted. On the first day he entered congress he was appointed to the board of war, of which he was an efficient member. During the whole of the war he bore his part with unabated ardour, often being at the same time a member of the convention of his native State and a member of congress; a double duty, which required great energy and industry to perform; but, so ably did he discharge his duties, that both bodies were satisfied with his attention to each. In 1778, he left Congress, and devoted himself to the councils of his native State. When the constitution of the United States went into operation, Mr. Carroll was elected a senator from Maryland, and took his seat in the city of New York, at the organization of the government, on the thirtieth of April, 1789. He was elected a second time to this situation.

"In the year 1801, he quitted public life at the age of *sixty-four*—and for *thirty years* and upwards, has passed a life of serenity, tranquility, happiness, and prosperity, till in the fullness of years and honors, the Patriarch has been gathered to his fathers—and the LAST OF THE SIGNERS IS DEAD!"

"Mr. CARROLL departed this life on Wednesday morning, about four o'clock, at the residence of his son-in-law, R. Caton, Esq. in East Water street. In testimony of respect for the memory of the deceased, the flags of the shipping and public places were displayed throughout the day at half-mast. On the announciation of the fact to Baltimore County Court yesterday, the Court was adjourned."

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVED, on Saturday last, Steamer John Walker, Capt. Rothwell, freighted with Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. to Messrs. Willkings & Co., J. M. Dobbin, G. W. Ragland, E. J. Hale, J. Campbell, Jas. Baker, D. McNeill, Jno. Baker, W. H. Leete, G. Hurlbutt, W. Locke, Rev. H. A. Rowland, Chas. Stuart and D. McRae, of this place, and Messrs. S. Waddell, A. D. Moore and A. Moore, Hillsboro'. J. Dowthit, Hamptonville. P. Clingman, Huntsville. Banner & Jones, Germanton. Clingman & Wright, Rocksboro'. W. Albright, Sandy Grove. B. Clemmons, Davidson. W. & A. Albright, Rock Creek. D. Lindsay, Rev. W. Hooper and Rev. E. Mitchell, Chapel Hill.

CLEARED, on Monday last, Steamer John Walker, Capt. Rothwell, freighted with Cotton and Feathers, for Messrs. Willkings & Co.; L. Brown, and W. Whitehead.

Editor's Correspondence.

Raleigh, Monday Night Nov. 19.

The Legislature convened this day at 3 o'clock.—In the Senate, William D. Moseley, Esq. of Lenoir, was chosen Speaker on the second ballot. Neither he, or any other gentleman, was put in formal nomination, it having been previously determined that the members of the Senate should express their preference by balloting, with the understanding of course, that the person having a majority was to be declared duly elected. Several individuals were voted for, none of whom however, received more than 8 votes. The selection of Mr. Moseley, I think, will be found a judicious one. He entered upon the duties of his office with considerable *tact* and spirit, exhibiting none of the embarrassment common to persons in untried stations.

In the House of Commons, your Town Representative, Louis D. Henry, Esq., was elected Speaker on the first ballot, by a majority of 17 votes over Maj. Samuel T. Sawyer, of Edenton. He assumed the duties of the Chair in a neat address of thanks, in which he took occasion to allude to the critical aspect of the times, and the probability of an arduous and eventful session. He seems quite at home in his new station, and will doubtless discharge its duties with ability and firmness.

In this hasty epistle, I have no time for speculation as to what may be the complexion and character of the measures of the present session. I trust whatever they may be, they will be found beneficial to the community at large, and that party feeling, as far as practicable, may be made to give way to the public good.

Messrs Patterson, Cowan, Manly and Freeman, are re-elected Clerks, without opposition.

DIED,

In this town, on Sunday last, of an effusion of blood upon the brain, Mr. EDWARD C. POND, (Carpenter) formerly of Southampton, Va.

In Sampson County, on the 21st ult., Mrs. COLIN ROYAL, widow of the late Hardy Royal, Esq. She has left four children to lament her loss.

In Wilmington, on the 7th inst., RICHMOND, second son of the late Wm. G. Beatty, Esq.

From the Pittsborough Reflector.

Died in this place on Wednesday morning last, of a pulmonary complaint, Mr. DUPONCEAU JONES, son of Edward Jones, Esq., in the 24th year of his age.

"Like other tyrants, Death delights to smite,
What smitten most proclaims the pride of power."

A fairer name has been seldom inscribed upon the roll of mortality, than the one which heads this article—for it was worn by one whose living heart was the sacred abode of every endearing affection, whose life was a fair and refreshing transcript of the principles which regulated the action of his unblemished spirit, and whose descent to the grave was smoothed by a clear and unclouded prospect of the felicities which awaited him beyond the skies; if kindred affection or the solid esteem of a wide circle of acquaintances and friends could have averted the Angel of death, the spirit of life would not have prematurely deserted so goodly a tenement; the sweet visions of futurity which gilded the morning march of our young friend would not have been broken up at so early a date, and he would have attained in its fullness the blessing of an honored maturity—but just as the flowers of prospect had begun to pour their fragrance upon his path, and the hopes of the kindred bosom to assume their brightest livery, the inflexible decree came forth, which snatched him from the circle of time. But we are animated by the hope that the same afflictive dispensation which plunged an interesting circle in mourning, has scattered blessings upon the path of the living, and translated his immortal part to the comforts of a celestial deliverance! And O! let those who aspire to the pleasures of innocence in life, or to felicity beyond the grave, take counsel from his truly unoffending life, and from a survey of its tranquil and felicitous termination!

Fayetteville Market.—Brandy, peach, 55 a 60. Do. apple, 50 a 55. Bacon 8½ a 9½.—Beeswax 17 a 17½. Coffee 15 a 17.—Cotton, new, 10 25 a 10 50. Corn 50 a 55. Flaxseed 1 50. Flour cross 4½, fine 5¼, sup. 5½. Feathers 32 a 35. Iron 4¼ a 5½. Molasses 32 a 36. Nails, cut, 6¾ a 7. Sugar, brown, 8½ a 10; Lump 14; Loaf 15 a 18. Salt 70 a 75.—Wheat 92. Whiskey 40 a 45. Tobacco, (leaf) 2 50 a 3.

DRAKE & ATKINS,

HAVE just received in addition to, and offer for sale with their former Stock,

8 Tons Swedes and English Iron and Steel,
50 kegs Nails and Brads, 4d. to 20d.
20 bags prime green Coffee,
4 ditto Pepper and Spice,
5 hhds. and 10 bbls. bright Porto Rico Sugar,
100 pr. full 6½ feet heavy Trace Chains,
40 do. common ditto.
Liverpool Salt in bulk, and Cotton Yarn, No. 5 to 12.

On Hand, a general assortment of

DRY GOODS & HARDWARE:

Forming a variety too tedious to enumerate; all of which will be sold at a small advance, either for cash or country produce.

D. & A.

Brick Row, Haymount.

N. B.—A few hundred pounds Buck Wheat Flour.

November 20, 1832. 7-4w.

FOR SALE,
By Thos. Sandford & Co.

30 Hhds. Molasses,
5 do. Sugar,
20 kegs Nails, assorted,
40 bbls. No. 1 & 2 Mackerel,
15 casks Cheese,
60 sacks blown Salt,
5 qr. casks Malaga Wine,
10 bbls. N. E. Rum.

—*Also,*—

10 tons Swedes Iron, (handsomely assorted,) daily expected, which will be sold in lots on reasonable terms.

November 20.

NEW GOODS.

C. P. MALLETT has just received his FALL & WINTER GOODS, consisting in part of

Super & common Cloths, Cassimeres & Sattinetts,
Domestic Sheetings and Shirtings,
Cotton Yarn, No. 5 to 16,
French do., a variety of patterns,
Rowen Cassimere and Cantoon Cords,
Light fancy Calicoes and Prints,
Linen cambric and cotton Hdkffs.
Fancy palmerine and gauze do.
Circassian and Bombazets,
No. 1, 2, 3 weeding Hoes,
Gilburt's and Taylor's Axes,
Hooks and Hinges—Trace Chains,
A good assortment of stock, plate and knob Locks and Latches,
Chest, drawer, cupboard and pad Locks,
Knives and Forks, and pocket Knives,
A general assortment of Carpenter's Tools,
A supply of fine Hats, Shoes and Trunks,
Saddles, Bridles and Valises,
Seidlitz and soda Powders,
Dye Stuffs, Paints and Putty,
Brown, fancy and castile Soap,
Opodeldoc, Preston Salts and Gum,
Cassia, Mace, Cloves, and Cinnamon,
Window Glass 8x10 and 10x12,
Dupont's Powder, Lead and Shot,
Imperial and Hyson Teas,
Loaf and brown Sugar,
Coffee, Molasses, Salt, Iron, &c. &c.

Nov. 20, 7tf.

Just received and for sale by the Subscribers,

3 PIPES Holland GIN,
50 bags prime COFFEE,
27 barrels superior ditto,
10 hhds. N. O. Sugar,
5 qr. casks Port Wine,
5 do. do. sweet Malaga Wine,
10 boxes Hyson Tea,
4 ditto Muscat Wine,
5 ditto assorted Brandy Fruits,
6 baskets Champaigne,
5 casks fresh Rice.

WILLKINGS & CO.

November 20, 1832. 7 3w.

SALES AT AUCTION.
BY THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

ON Friday afternoon, the 25th inst., at 3 o'clock, will be sold at our Auction Store, on a credit of six months, for approved endorsed notes:

30 Hhds. MOLASSES,
12 bbls. No. 1, MACKEREL,
20 ditto No. 2, ditto.

November 20. 1w.

Sales at Auction.

ON Wednesday, the 23d instant, at the Market House, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold a

Valuable Family of Negroes,

Consisting of a Woman about 27 years old, and three Children. Terms made known at Sale.

THOS. SANDFORD & CO., *Auctioneers.*

November 20. 1w.

Piano Forte.

JUST received from the Manufacturer, one elegant PIANO FORTE, for sale by

THOS. SANDFORD & Co.

November 20. 7tf.

FOR SALE,

LAWRENCE & LEMAY'S ALMANAC,
For the Year 1833.

By ARCH'D CAMPBELL.

November 20, 1832. 7tf.

MR. EDWARD ROWLAND,

A RECENT Graduate of Amherst College, will open a School in this town, for the instruction of Youth, in the studies preparatory to College, and also in the common branches of English Education.

Reference may be made to Rev. H. A. Rowland.

Fayetteville, Nov. 19. 7-3tpd.

A Female School

WILL be opened in Moore County, at the residence of the Subscriber, on the 1st Monday in December next.

Mrs. McCOLLUM will superintend Young Ladies in the following branches of education, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography with mapping and the use of the Globes, English Grammar, History, Rhetoric, Composition, Painting, Drawing and Needle Work, if required.

A recitation in Scripture, or an analysis of some subject or sermon, will be required of the pupils every Monday morning, and every attention will be paid to their morals and manners, as well as their mental improvement.

There will be two Terms in the year, 5 months each—one ending the last of April, and the other the last of October.

The Terms of Tuition per Session will be from $7 to $8, varying according to the advanced state of the pupil.

The Subscriber will accommodate 8 or 10 Young Ladies with Boarding at $5 per month, including washing, fuel and candles.

ANGUS McCOLLUM.

N. B.—I request those who intend to board with me to inform me by letter [post paid] immediately, that I may make the necessary arrangements.

A. McC.

Moore County, Nov. 13. 7tf.

NOTICE.

THE Trustees of the Marlborough Academies wish to employ a Teacher to take charge of the

MALE ACADEMY,

for the ensuing year, and will receive proposals for the same, until the 10th of December next. Persons wishing to be employed, will be required to produce satisfactory testimonials of their moral character, and capability to teach the Latin and Greek languages, together with all the branches of English Sciences and Mathematics, necessary to entering the Junior Class of the South Carolina College.

Also, a Tutoress to take charge of the

FEMALE ACADEMY,

on the first Monday in March next, for the remainder of the year, who will be required to teach Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, and Geography. Proposals for the same will be received until the 5th of January next

All communications relating to either of the said Institutions, and directed to the subscriber, at Marlborough Court House, on or before the above stated times, will be promptly attended to.

THOS. COOK, Sec'y.

Nov. 7th, 1832. 7-4w.

CHERAW ACADEMIES.

THE Trustees take pleasure in announcing the very prosperous State of the above Institutions.—With a continuing increase of numbers, they have been enabled to add all the comforts, and advantages necessary to a complete Academical course.

The following are the rates of Tuition:

FEMALE ACADEMY,

UNDER THE SUPERINTENDENCE OF MR. CHANNORE WALLACE AND LADY.

Latin, Mathematics, Drawing, &c.	$8 00
Common English studies,	6 00
Reading and writing,	5 00

MALE ACADEMY,

MESSRS. INGLIS AND DUBOSE.

Latin, Greek, Mathematics, &c.	$8 00
English studies,	6 00
Reading and writing,	5 00

French.

In this department, a gentleman of great accomplishment as a French Scholar is expected to take charge.

Music.

Mons. *Victor LaTaste,* has been engaged and will instruct upon the Piano, Guitar and Flute.

Piano, per quarter,	$15
Guitar,	15
Flute,	10

This gentleman, the trustees feel confident, will give every satisfaction as a teacher of these instruments.

P. PHILLIPS,
Secretary of the Board of Trustees.

November 1, 1832. 7 4w

BLANK BOOKS, &c.

A FRESH supply of various sizes, Blank Books
Cap Paper, by the ream,
Malte Brun's Universal Geography and Atlas,
Herrans, Heber, Milton, Pollock's Poems,
Goldsmith's Works,
Grimshaw's Greece, Rome, France, and South America, with Questions,
Christian Lyre,
Theological Class Book,
A year in Spain,
Lady of the Manor,
Art of being Happy, &c. &c.

Just received by E. J. HALE.

November 20, 1832.

POETRY.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

To *****.

What pleasure 'tis to sit and trace
Each feature of thy lovely face,
Those bright black eyes of deepest jet,
And every tooth 'mid corals set.

Each ringlet flowing free and fair
In clusters from thy raven hair;
Thy fair and beauteous form to see
Moving in grace and majesty.

But ah! the joy which holds the sway,
Which sheds around its pleasing ray,
Is silently to sit and trace
The sweet expression of thy face.

A spirit pure, exists within,
A stranger to deceit and sin—
A spirit pure, to cheer the whole,
And speaks the meaning of the soul.

Z.

Removal.

JAMES KYLE

HAS removed to his New Brick Store, at his Old Stand, corner of Market Square and Hay street, where he is now receiving a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE & GROCERIES,

Also, an assortment of
BEST ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS,
All of which will be offered at reduced prices, by wholesale or retail.

March 20. 72tf.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory,

AT THE SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT.

The Subscriber has commenced business in the above line, in the Store lately occupied by Mr. Henry L. Jones, three doors south of Market Square, where he will keep on hand a general assortment of BOOTS & SHOES of his own manufacture and of warranted materials.

As he intends selling *exclusively* for *cash*, his customers may expect to be supplied on the lowest possible terms.

PELEG PEARCE.

☞ Boots and Shoes made to measure, and repaired at the shortest notice. P. P.

March 6.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Rail Road.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of North Carolina, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Cape Fear and Yadkin Rail Road Company," the undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the said Act, *Give Notice*, That Books for Subscription to the Capital Stock of the said Company will be opened at the Court House on Tuesday the 8th instant, and continued open at the Bank of Cape Fear in Fayetteville, after that day until farther notice.

DUNCAN MAC RAE,
J. W. WRIGHT,
JOHN H. HALL,
ROBERT STRANGE,
ALEXANDER ELLIOTT. } Commissioners.

Fayetteville, May 7, 1832. 79tf.

Coffee, Molasses, &c.

Just received, by Steam Boat John Walker,

30 Bags Prime St. Jago Coffee,
25 Bbls. No. 3 Mackerel.

In Store,

10 Hhds. 1st quality Molasses,
10 Bbls. N. E. Rum,
3 Boxes Lemon Syrup. For sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

May 29.—tf

25 Kegs cut NAILS, assorted from 4d to 20d, just received and for sale by
J. MUNN.

March 13. 71tf.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having been appointed Attorneys for Williams & Fenn, and J. C. Fenn & Co. and W. W. Williams, request all persons indebted to said parties, by note or account, to make payment to them.

If the claims are not settled within a short period, they will be placed in the hands of proper persons for collection.

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

May 22, 1832. 81tf.

NEW FIRM.

THE Subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have purchased the Stock of Goods of Mr. *Duncan Smith*, and intend conducting the Tailoring Business under the Firm of

SMITH, McDONALD & CO.

two doors south of Market Square, where they request all to come and examine for themselves.

Their Stock consists of a very general assortment of Blue, Black and Olive Saxony CLOTHS, CASSIMERES assorted, superior quality, best plain and figured VELVETS, VESTINGS, CAMLETS, and all necessary TRIMMINGS, of the best kind. Also, a great variety of Sewing and Darning NEEDLES, BODKINS, ect. They pledge themselves to dispose of their Goods at the most moderate prices, and all Work entrusted to them will be done neatly and in a workmanlike manner.

DANIEL SMITH,
JNO. MAC DONALD,
ARCH'D JOHNSON.

June 5, 1832. 83-6m.

PLANTER'S HOTEL.

R. COCHRAN, late of the Lafayette Hotel, has taken the large and commodious House known as the Planter's Hotel, at the foot of Hay Mount, on Hay Street, where he is prepared to accommodate Travellers and Boarders. The General Stage Office is kept at the above Hotel, where all the Stages arrive at and depart from.

Fayetteville, June 1. 31tf.

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having *for the present*, opened an Office at his Dwelling House, on the corner of Rock and Russell streets, and provided himself with Warehouses in Campbellton, is prepared to carry on his business as usual.

All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded, as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business pertaining to a general commission agency.

He will also attend to the offering for discount, renewal and payment of notes at the different Bank. in this place, *to which branch of his business he will pay particular attention*, and flatters himself, that from his general knowledge of the business of the place, he will be able to give satisfaction to his employers.

JOSEPH BAKER.

Fayetteville, June 27. 34-tf.

New Goods.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he is now receiving a large stock of DRY GOODS of every description, which is offered to the public at very reduced prices; having been bought mostly at the New York package sales, they will be sold extremely low, Merchants from the country, will do well to call and examine them. Among the Goods are super blue, black, olive, brown, bottle green and mixt Cloths, Sattinets, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Drillings, Merino, Cassimeres, Merino Cloths, imitation Merino Cloths, Brochelles, Lastings, Princettas, Nankeens, Moleskins, Bangup Cords, French Drills, Clark's spool Cotton, a great variety of fancy Prints, newest style, 4-4 and 6-4 Ginghams, 4-4 Parisian Prints, Parisian Muslins, Swiss Muslins, cross bar'd Muslins, Mull Jaconet and Book Muslins, Swiss Capes and Pelerines, lace Capes and Pelerines, 5-4, 4-4 and 3-4 Shirtings and Sheetings, 4-4 Irish Linens, Long Lawns, Linen Cambrics, and Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, 5-4 Irish Sheeting, 8-4 table Diaper, Russia Diaper, Merseilles and other Vestings, Palm leaf Hats, scarlet merino square and long Shawls, Leghorn and Dunstable Bonnets, Shoes, Carpetings.

SILKS.

Gros-de-Swiss, Italian Lustrings, Gros-de-Berlins, Gros-de-Naples, blk. Sinchews and Sarsnets, white, pink and green Florences, rich Vestings, rich Garniture and belt Ribbons, fancy gauze Handkerchiefs and Scarfs, Nankin Crape Shawls, Nankin Robes, rich fig'd Silks, Barege and Palmerines, ladies' fancy Work Bags, ladies' Cravats, bandanna Handkerchiefs, &c. &c., together with many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

JNO. McARN.

April 24, 1832. 77-tf.

NEW CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber has just returned from the North with a cheap and carefully selected assortment of

HATS,

LADIES' AND GENTLEMENS' SHOES AND BOOTS.
MEN'S AND BOYS' FUR, CLOTH AND SEAL SKIN CAPS.

He may be found three doors west from the Market House, on the north side of Hay street, where he is prepared to sell bargains, either at wholesale or retail. Merchants and others would do well to call immediately and examine his assortment

Also, Sole and Upper LEATHER.

G. HURLBUTT.

September 25. 99tf

The Subscriber,

OFFERS for sale at the Store recently occupied by Mr. O. P. Stark—

8 Hhds and 12 bbls good Sugar,
15 bags Coffee,
10 hhds Molasses,
7 tons assorted Iron,
50 kegs Nails,
40 pieces good Hemp Bagging, 42 inches wide,
25 coils of Bale Rope,
100 lbs. Twine,
Sole and Upper Leather,
Bar and Sheet Lead,
Dupont's Gun Powder,
German and Blistered Steel,
Copperas, Spanish Brown and Alum,
Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Saltpetre and Pearlash,
Gum Shellac and Logwood,
Superfine Flour, and Bacon,
Salt of different qualities, some as low price as 25 cents per bushel. W. WHITEHEAD.

Oct. 15. 2-tf

NEW STORE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has taken the Store lately erected by Mr. Hooper, on the south side of Person street, a few doors east of Market Square, where he is now receiving and intends keeping constantly on hand, a good supply of the following articles:

Prime green COFFEE,
St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. Orleans SUGAR,
Liverpool and Alum Salt,
Swedes and English Iron,
German and Blister Steel,
Molasses, Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Nails, Powder, Shot and Lead,
Castings, Axes, Spades and Shovels,
Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine,
Trace Chains, Halters and Weeding Hoes,
Drugs and Medicines,
Loaf and lump Sugar, Copperas,
Window Glass and Putty; Bellows, Anvils, Vises,
Sole and upper Leather,

DRY GOODS,

CROCKERY, HATS AND SHOES.
COTTON AND WOOL CARDS, &c. &c.

Without further enumeration, his Stock comprises an assortment particularly adapted to the country trade, all of which he is disposed to sell at fair prices for cash or country produce, for which he will at all times pay the highest market prices.

WILL. O. JEFFREYS.

N. B.—Any Commission Business will also meet with prompt attention. W. O. J.

October 9. 1-tf.

NOTICE.

MR. DANIEL SUTHERLAND, is constituted my Agent for the collection of all Notes and Accounts due to me, with instructions to proceed indiscriminately, by legal process, against all who fail to pay on first application.

WM L HAWLEY.

I OFFER for sale at my Store, three doors East of Market Square, Person-st., wholesale or retail,—

Sole and Upper Leather,
Skirting and Harness do.
Hog Skins,
Best Philadelphia Calf Skins,
Cochineal, Blue and Black Coach Lining Skins,
Facing, Padding and Shoe Lining Skins,
Common and Coarse Shoes, by the Case or retail,
Fine and Wool Hats,
Shoe Thread, and Black Varnish,
Men's Shoe Lasts, assorted,

Together with a general assortment of Groceries.

WM. L. HAWLEY.

Oct. 8. 1-tf

For Sale,

60 Kegs White Lead in oil, part of it pure,
10 barrels paint Oil,
10 hhds. brown Sugar,
100 casks Thomastown Lime, in good order,
Rowland's mill and cross cut Saws.

JNO. HUSKE & SON.

March 5, 1832. 70tf.

Just Received,

10 Hhds. prime SUGAR,
15 bags COFFEE,
60 kegs Nails and Brads,
200 sacks Liverpool Salt,
25 barrels Mackerel,
25 half bbls. do.
5000 lbs. choice Bacon, for sale by
CASWELL S. BRAY.

July 10. 88-tf.

TIN.

IN Store, 20 Boxes Tin Plates,
For sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

June 26.

CHEAP NEW GOODS.

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL,

RESPECTFULLY intimates to his friends and the Public, that he is now opening in his new brick Tenement erected by John Kelly, Esq., North West Corner of Market Square, a very handsome and extensive assortment of

New Goods,

carefully selected by himself in New York and Philadelphia, from the *latest importations*. His stock which is unusually complete, embraces a great variety of new and fashionable DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, fine CUTLERY, CHINA, CROCKERY and GLASS WARE, which he confidently asserts will equal in point of quality, any Goods ever offered in this market, and all of which will be sold to wholesale and retail purchasers on the most reasonable terms.—Country Merchants and retail purchasers generally, will find it their interest to call and examine his stock which comprises in part the following, viz.

Super blue, black and mixt Saxony Cloths,
Extra super London blue and black ditto,
Ditto do. light and dark green, brown & olive green,
Dark, Oxford and steel mixt do., very cheap,
Ditto super London black Cassimere,
A large assortment of fine and common Sattinetts,
Some extra super do., very cheap,
White Jeans, Imperial Cord and Rouen Cassimeres,
Pittsburg & bang-up Cords, Beaverteen & Moleskins,
Silk Velvet, Marseilles, Valentia and Swansdown Vesting,
Green, red and white Flannels, fine and common,
White Gauze do., really fine and Salisbury do.
Green Baize and Floor Cloths, oil do., various patterns,
Irish Linen in whole and demi pieces, very superior and unusually cheap,
Ditto do. Sheetings, birds-eye and Russia Diaper,
Heavy Marseilles Counterpanes, col'd do.
Low priced and super quality Bed Ticking,
Apron Checks, fine and common, Furniture do. and curtain Calicoes,
Gig top Nankeen, a very superior article for that purpose,
Blue and dark colored heavy Camlets, goat's hair do.
Fine and common Circassians and Bombazetts,
Super Bombazines and London imitation painted Muslins,
Ditto Oriental fancy Plaid and Drapery Muslins.
Plain and figured Swiss, Jaconet, Book and Mull do.
Fine and common Cambrics, Bishop Lawn,
Silesia do., Brown Holland and Fustians,
Pink, green, yellow, blue and dark col'd Cambrics,
Linen Cambric, very fine; do. Hdkfs. plain & bord'd,
Bobbinett and thread Laces, Edgings, Insertions, Quillings, &c. &c.
Very rich blk and white fig'd Lace Veils, large size,
Super blond Gauze do. white and green,
Beautiful Adelaide lace Collars and open Capes,
Rich gauze Hdkfs., Marabon, scollop and crape do.
Do. do. Scarfs, Prague and Damask Hdkfs.
Rich scarlet, black and white merino Shawls, extra large sizes and very cheap,
Thibet wool and worsted Shawls, printed borders,
Gentlemen's silk and patent gum elastic Suspenders,
Do. silk Hdkfs.
Ladies', Gentlemen's and Misses' silk, cotton, and worsted Hosiery, assorted, do. do. Gloves and white Berlin do.
A very extensive selection of Silks, unusually low, including all the most fashionable colours,
Favaroni's best Italian Lustring, Matteoni's do., superior lustre,
Gros-de-Naps, Swiss and de-Berlin, of all colors and shades, cheaper than any before offered in this market,
Pink, green, yellow, white, blue, and straw colored Florences and Satins,
White and black Satin, green Silk, suitable for Calashes; do black Serge,
White and yellow marking Canvass, patent Thread all colors,
Best Italian sewing Silk; Saddler's do. and Twist do.
Cap and bonnet Ribbons, a great variety; Taffetas and Gauze do.
Rich Belt Ribbons; bonnet Wire and Trimmings,
3 cases fine Leghorn and Dunstable Bonnets, some entirely new style, very cheap,
Imitation Flowers, a great variety,
Worsted & silk Braids, silk Cords, Gimps, Ribbon-Wire, Capes, Lacets, and P. Robes,
Some beautiful (real French) 6-4 merino Cloths of the most desirable colors, for ladies' Dresses and Habits, colors warranted genuine,
Light, dark, green, brown, olive, light blue, claret, dark and fawn colored merino Circassians for dresses, very fine,
A very extensive assortment of Calicoes, selected from the *latest* importations, choice style and very cheap,
Brown and bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, *unusually low*,
Heavy Cottenades for Negro clothing,
Ladies' and Misses' prunella, morocco, seal and leather Shoes.
Gentlemen's fine Boots, Bootees, Shoes and Pumps,
Fine and common Brogans and Shoes,
Gentlemen's fashionable satin, beaver & fine fur Hats,
Ditto drab do., very cheap,
Boys' fancy Caps and fine fur Hats,
Gentlemen's heavy silk and cotton Umbrellas, finished in the best style and uncommonly cheap,
Ladies' light do. and Parasols, assorted,
Gentlemen's fashionable Stocks, a great variety and very cheap,
Perfumery, Essences, Oils, Otto of Roses, Pungents, Pomatum, Powder Puffs, vestimental Soap, Indelible Ink, &c. &c.
A general supply of Drugs and Medicines, most commonly called for,
Table Knives and Forks, a great variety,
Desert ditto, of various qualities,
Do. do. ivory handles, with best sabre blades, and balance handles in sets complete,
Do. do. lower qualities, and sets of Carvers & Steel,
Pen Knives and pocket do., a great variety, with 2, 3 and 4 blades, some very superior with pearl and shell handles,
Razors of various qualities, some superior in cases,
Ladies' best refined steel Scissors and gentlemen's pocket do.
Edge Tools, cast steel Axes, Adzes, large sizes, saw Setts, Nut Crackers, patent Augers, spike Gimlets and cast steel Awls,
Locks, iron rim, closet, bastard and fine plate cupboard, till and chest, brass do. and Padlocks,
Cast steel Plane Irons, coach Wrenches & Bed Keys,
Knobs, plated, brass and glass, a great variety,
Cloak and curtain Pins, Escutcheons and do. Pins,
Hinges, Pullies, powder Flasks, shot Belts, sportsmen's Bags, gun Locks and Worms, percussion Caps, screw Drivers and wood Screws, brass Nails and brass stair Rods and Eyes,
Hand and mill Saws, c. & s. Files, Hammers,
Bells, polished house, sleigh, hand and cow Bells,
Snuffers, Trays and steel do., japaned Trays, Waiters and bread Baskets,
Tea Kettles, Britannia coffee and tea Pots,
Plated and Britannia tea and table Spoons,
Steelyards, Squares, iron steel blades and Compasses,
Tin and brass Cocks keyed, some extra large sizes, for Hydrants, &c.
Full plated stirup Irons and bridle Bits,
Saddles and Bridles, extra stirup & bridle Leathers,
An assortment of gig, riding and sportsmen's fancy Whips,
Crockery Ware, some elegant sets of China, 72 pieces complete, smaller do., a great variety and unusually cheap.
A very extensive assortment of plain and rich cut Glass Ware, comprizing a variety of articles rarely to be found in this market.

☞ All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for Cash.

Fayetteville, N. C., *August* 28, 1832. 94tf.

CHEAP, AND NEW GOODS.

P. MURCHISON,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the Public, that he has just received from New York, a general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

HATS, SHOES, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY WARE, GROCERIES, &c., which he offers cheap for Cash, at his Store in Mac Rae's new Brick Buildings, corner Store, west of R. Maynard & Co.'s Medicine Store.

Oct. 8. 1-tf

Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Wines, And old Liquors, &c. &c.

THE Subscriber is now receiving and offers for sale the following articles, viz:

75 Bags Porto Rico COFFEE,
20 Hhds. St. Croix, P. R. and N. O. Sugar,
Fresh Imperial, Gunpowder, Souchong, and Young Hyson Teas, in half and quarter chests and canisters suitable for families,
Choice *old* Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe, L. P. and S. Madeira, Muscat and Malaga Wines,
Superior *old* Port, Champaigne and Claret,
Old Cogniac Brandy (Seignette Brand) in pipes and quarter casks, warranted pure as imported.
Holland Gin (Swan Brand) old Jamaica Rum and Monongahela Whiskey, of excellent flavour,
Fresh Raisins, Soft shell Almonds, Nutmegs, Sweet Oil, Cloves, Cayenne Pepper, Race Ginger, Cassia, Pimento, and London Mustard, fresh,
London Brown Stout Porter in pint & quart bottles.
Philadelphia do do and Ale in do,
Stoughten's Bitters, fresh Lime Juice and Lemon Sirup, Sweet Chocolate and fine Table Salt in Boxes,
Demyjohns assorted sizes, Wine and Porter Bottles,
25 Barrels double refined Loaf Sugar,
50 do Loaf and Lump do,
125 kegs cut Nails and Brads assorted,
15 bags English and American Wrought Nails assorted,
Duponts' Powder, bar Lead, and Shot,
3500 lbs. Sole Leather, small sides weighing from 9 to 18 lbs.
25 Boxes Soap, White Lead, Paints, Window Glass,
5,000 Spanish Segars, Saunders' *best* Chewing Tobacco,
Scotch and Maccaboy Snuff, Indigo, Chalk, Copperas, Spanish White, Saltpetre, Alum, Spirits of Turpentine and Lamp Black, &c. &c. &c.

ARCH. CAMPBELL.

Fayetteville, August 28, 1832. §94-tf.§

FOR SALE,

119 KEGS WHITE LEAD, warranted pure,
102 Gall. Lamp Oil,
2000 lbs. Glauber Salts, 900 lbs. Epsom,
200 lbs. Chloride Lime,
1 bale Hops,
1 carboy Aquafortis,
1 do Sulphuric Acid,
7 Hampers Black Bottles,
Linseed, Train and Sweet Oil,
Glass 8x10 and 10x12, Putty in bladders,
Ink Powder and Liquid Ink, Maynard & Noyes',
Red and coloured wafers,
Syrup Sassaparilla and Liverwort,
Swaim's Panacea, (genuine,)
Indelible Ink,
Maccasar and Bear's Oil, (genuine,)
Peppermint and Boneset Lozenges,
Chlorine Tooth-wash, a very superior article for cleansing the Teeth, (genuine,)
Osborne's Superior Water Colours, in Maple and Mahogony Boxes,
Superior Hair, Clothes, Hatter's, Paint and White-wash Brushes,
Surgeon and Dentist Instruments, superior quality,
Hull's, Eberlee's and common Trusses,
Shop Furniture, Crucibles, Retorts, and evaporating Dishes,
Patent Medicines, (a large assortment.)

ALSO,

Almonds, Raisins, Filberts & English Walnuts.

R. MAYNARD & CO.

October 2. 800-tf.

Lazarus & Whitmarsh,

AT WILMINGTON,

Offer for Sale,

8,000 Bushels Turk's Island SALT,
400 hhds. Martinique Molasses,
20 hhds. Sugar,
20 hhds. N. E. Rum,
50 bbls. Whiskey, and
20 bbls. Gin,

September 26, 1832. ‡800-tf.‡

LIME.

118 Casks of Thomastown, and 150 casks of Rhode Island white lump LIME, (a very superior article) just received and for sale by
E. L. & W. WINSLOW.

January 2, 1832. 61tf.

H. MacLaurin.

MAY be found at Mr. Latta's Store, sixth door east from Market Square, north side of the street leading to Clarendon Bridge, where he will be happy to serve those who may favor him with their confidence, in the renewal or payment of Notes, at either of the Banks in this place.

Fayetteville, Feb. 21, 1832. 68-tf

THOMASTOWN LIME.

100 Casks, in good order, for sale by
JOHN HUSKE & SON.

August 6th, 1832.

Molasses, Wine, &c.

26 Hhds. Molasses,
5 Casks Dry Malaga Wine,
5 do. Sweet do.
5 Bbls. Lamp Oil,

Just received, and for sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

Aug. 21. 94-tf

Sugar and Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

ST. Croix and New Orleans SUGARS, in hhds.
Porto-Rico ditto, in bbls.
5 bags sup. old white COFFEE, for family use.

JOHN MUNN.

April 17. 76tf.

MANSION HOTEL.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has purchased that large and

COMMODIOUS HOUSE

in the town of Wadesborough, known as *Cash's Hotel*, and that the same is now open for the reception of travellers and boarders. The proprietor solicits a share of public patronage, and pledges himself to spare neither pains or expense to render comfortable the stay of all those who may call on him.

B. C. LINDSAY.

Wadesborough, Sept. 1832. §99-4m.§

Removal.

JOHN MUNN has removed to the Store on the south side of Person street, a few doors east of the site of the Cape Fear Bank, and one door west of Messrs. Wilkings & Co's Auction Store.

March 13. 71tf.

SUGAR & COFFEE.

JUST received, by the late arrivals, the following GOODS,

Which we offer on very accommodating terms:—

10 Hhds. Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugar, bright and a good grain,
3 do. and 10 bbls. Copperas,
2 do. Jamaica 4th proof Rum,
30 bags high scented Rio Coffee,
20 do. Porto Rico do,
35 do. St. Domingo do,
10 bbls. Jamaica do,
10 Bags Pepper and Spice,
5 quarter Cassia Sweet Malaga Wine,
5 do. Marseilles Madeira do,
3 do. Teneriffe do,
50 Kegs Cut Nails, assorted,
20 bbls. N. E. Rum,
10 do. Apple Brandy, very prime,
Cotton Bagging, Saltpetre, Alum and Madder,

WILLKINGS & CO.

Fayetteville, October 22, 1832. 13-tf

15 *Dollars Reward.*

ON Thursday night last, my apprentice boy, Daniel Lyneberry, absconded, in company with a Journeyman Tailor, named Charles D. Vanhorn, on the same night, my horse was stolen, or strayed. The boy is about 18 years of age, stout, and genteelly dressed. Vanhorn is a young man of fair complection, and about the size of the boy. The horse is a sorrel, about 8 years old, a blazed face, his hind foot white, with one small white spot on his back and another on the left side of his neck, about the size of a quarter of a dollar. I will give a reward of five Dollars for the horse, ten Dollars for the thief if stolen, with sufficient proof to convict, and one cent for the boy. All persons are forewarned from harboring or trading with him, under the penalty of the law.

DUNCAN McCOLL.

Fayetteville, Oct. 30, 1832. 4tf

RAW HIDES.

THE Subscribers have on hand from two to three hundred HIDES, which they will sell low for cash, or country produce. Some are large.

I. BLAKE & SON.

Oct. 30. 4-4w

BOOK STORE—REMOVED.

THE Subscriber has removed his Book Store to the new building, next door below Mr. Fuller's Store, and immediately opposite to the new Lafayette Hotel Buildings, Hay Street.

Oct. 30, 1832. E. J. HALE.

A CARD.

THE Subscriber being under many obligations for past encouragement, respectfully announces to her friends and the public, that her

NEW BUILDING

At Marion C. H., (So. Ca.) is completed; and is now in perfect readiness for the reception of travellers. Her House is two story in height, with large and convenient rooms, and is located upon a high and dry Lot, in the very centre of the village, and within a few yards of all the public offices. In addition to the above, there is a wing a little in the rear of the building, so that one or more private families can be accommodated entirely to themselves. The Northern and Southern Stages stop at this House. If the inducements offered above, together with excellent and warm stables, well supplied with provender and attended by careful Ostlers, be any criterion by which to judge; the Subscriber is induced to expect a liberal share of the public patronage, which it will be her increasing endeavour to merit.

RUTH DURANT.

Marion C. H., (S. C.) Nov. 1, 1832. 53w.

GROCERIES, For Sale.

15 HHDS. prime Muscovado Sugars,
15 do. New Orleans Sugar,
16 bbls. single and double refined Loaf Sugar,
2 boxes White Havana do.
60 bags Porto Rico, and Rio Coffee,
Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope, Sewing & Seine Twine,
Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Cassia and Nutmegs,
Imperial and Hyson Tea, in 6lb catty boxes,
Imperial & Gunpowder do. in 2lb cannisters,
1200 sacks Liverpool Salt,
1000 bushels Alum do.
6 casks Cheese,
N. Orleans Molasses, in hhds. and barrels,
10 Hhds. W I. do.
75 kegs Nails,
Dupont's Powder, Shot and bar Lead,
20 tons Swedes Iron,
Epsom & Glauber Salts, Saltpetre, Alum, Brimstone,
Indigo, Madder, Logwood, Red Lead, Span. Brown,
Spanish White, Putty, Pearl Ash,
60 kegs White Lead,
Tin Plate and Iron Wire,
8x10 and 10x12 Window Glass,
Writing and wrapping Paper,
20 crates Crockery, assorted for the country trade.

C. T. HAIGH.

1-tf

October 9, 1832.

Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber has received a part of his Fall Stock, well worthy the attention of Country Merchants, consisting in part of

500 pair men's thick BROGANS and SHOES,
300 do. do. calf and kip do. do.
300 do. boys' thick and L. & B. do. do.
500 do. Ladies' Morocco Walking Shoes.
1000 do. do. do. Pumps, low price.

ALSO, constantly on hand,

Cotton and Wool Cards,
Wrapping, Writing, & Letter Paper,

AMOS KIMBALL.

70tf.

Fayetteville, Nov. 6, 1832.

HENRY HORN

OFFERS for sale, at the store recently occupied by Mr. W. Whitehead, East of the Planter's Hotel,

50 Bags prime green Coffee
10 hhds. Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugar
10 do. prime retailing Molasses
3 do. Sirup for family use
2000 bushels Liverpool Salt
500 sacks do do
Alum, Cadiz and Blown do
100 kegs cut Nails and Brads, assorted
12 tons Swedes and English Iron, assorted
Sheet and Hoop Iron
German, blistered and cast Steel,
75 sets Wagon Boxes
600 pieces Castings, assorted
1600 lbs. Cotton Yarn
1000 lbs. Bar Lead
40 bags buck and drop Shot
15 kegs Orange and Dupont's FFF Powder
Pepper, Spice, Race and Ground Ginger, Imperial and Hyson Tea, Loaf and Lump Sugar, Epsom and Glauber Salts, Salt Petre, Alum, Indigo, Madder, Spanish Brown, Pearl Ash, Window Glass, Candles, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Cotton and Wool Cards, Wool and Fur Hats, Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine, Blue Wire, Trace Chains, Frying Pans, Spades and Shovels, Scythe Blades, Cutting Knives, Stone Jugs, Bar Soap, and Starch,

DRY GOODS,

Hardware and Cutlery.

Together with a number of other articles too tedious to mention; all of which will be sold low for cash or country produce. The highest prices will be paid for country produce. 54f

Nov. 6.

BLANKS

OF ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.